



(An Autonomous Institution affiliated to Anna University)

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

CURRICULUM STRUCTURE

B.E. – ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

SEMESTER – I

S.	COURSE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	PE	RIO	DS	TOTAL	CREDITS
NO.	CODE			PEI	R WE	EK (CONTACT	
				L	Т	Р	PERIODS	
THE	ORY	1					5	
1.	20HSG01	T echnical	HS	2	0	2	4	3
	A	English						
2.	20MHG01	Calculus and	BS	3	1	0	4	4
		Linear Algebra	4					
3.	20PHG01	Engineering	BS	3	1	0	7 4 🕤	4
	1	Physics		~			>	/
4.	20CHG01	Engineering	BS	3	1	0	4	4
		Chemistry						
5.	20ITG01	Programming for	ES	3	0	0	3	3
		Problem Solving	ISCIPLINE		PR	ne,		
		using C				-01	ERITUT	
PRA	CTICALS							
6.	20MEG02	Engineering	ES	0	0	4	4	2
		Workshop CO	MBATOR	= - 1	10			
7.	20PHG02	Engineering	BS	0	0	3	3	1.5
	4	Physics					10	
		Laboratory					7	
8.	20ITG02	Programming in	ES	0	0	4	4	2
		C Laboratory						
			Total	14	3	13	30	23.5

SEMESTER – II

S.	COURSE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	PE	RIO	DS	TOTAL	CREDIT
NO.	CODE			PER	R WI	EEK	CONTACT	S
				L	Τ	Р	PERIODS	
THE	ORY							
1.	20HSG02	Universal Human	HS	3	0	0	3	3
		Values II -						
		Understanding						
		Harmony						
2.	20MHG02	Differential	BS	3	1	0	4	4
		Equations and	N2111	U7	2			
		Complex			5	0		
		Variables	and a				\sim	
3.	20CSG01	Object Oriented	ES	3	0	0	3	3
		Programming						
		using C++						\
4.	20ECG01	Electric Circuits	ES	3	0	0	3	3
5.	20EC001	Electron Devices	PC	3	0	0	3	3
PRA	CTICALS							
6.	20MEG01	Engineering	ES	0	0	4	4	2
		Graphics						
7.	20CHG02	Engineering	BS	0	0	3	3	1.5
		Chemistry		~			512	
	<u> </u>	Laboratory			2			
8.	20CSG02	Programming in	ES	0	0	4	4	2
		C++ Laboratory			_			
			SUP Total	18	1	11	30	21.5
9.	20AC001	Environmental	AC	3	0	0	Ep3	-
		Science and					_ YI	
		Engineering					\sim	

COIMBATORE - 10

SEMESTER – III

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK		DS K	TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS		
				L	Т	Р				
THE	THEORY									
1.	20MHG03	Transforms and	BS	3	1	0	4	4		
		Partial Differential								
		Equations								
		1								

2.	20EEG05	Electrical	ES	2	0	2	4	3
		Engineering						
3.	20EC002	Analog	PC	3	0	0	3	3
		Electronics						
4.	20EC003	Digital Electronics	PC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	20EC004	Electromagnetic	PC	3	0	0	3	3
		Fields and Waves						
6.	20xxExx	Open Elective –I	OE	3	0	0	3	3
PRA	CTICALS							
7.	20EC005	Analog	PC	0	0	3	3	1.5
		Electronics	STIT	15				
		Laboratory			E			
8.	20EC006	Digital Electronics	PC	0	0	3	3	1.5
		Laboratory	3				$\sim \times $	
		Total	17	1	8	26	22	

SEMESTER – IV

S.	COURSE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	PE	RIO	DS	TOTAL	CREDITS
NO.	CODE]	PER		CONTACT	
				W	/EEI	K	PERIODS	-
				L	Т	Р		
THE	ORY 🗾				_	_		
1.	20MHG05	Probability and	BS	3	0	0	-> 3	3
	_ \ ⁰	Random Processes						
2.	20EC007	Linear Integrated	PC	3	0	0	3	3
		Circuits						
3.	20EC008	Signals and	SU PC	3	0	0	3	3
		Systems				US	PERIT	*
4.	20EC009	Transmission	PC	3	0	0	3	3
		Lines and					Δ	
		Waveguides	MBATORE	- 1	0		\geq	
5.	20EC010	Microprocessor	PC	3	0	0	3	3
	4	and						
	-1	Microcontroller						•
6.	20xxExx	Open Elective –II	OE	3	0	0	3	3
PRA	CTICALS							
7.	20EC011	Integrated Circuits	PC	0	0	3	3	1.5
		Laboratory						
8.	20EC012	Microprocessor	PC	0	0	3	3	1.5
		and						
		Microcontroller						
		Laboratory						
			Total	18	0	6	24	21

SEMESTER – V

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	PE] W	PERIODS PER WEEK		TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS	
				L	Т	P			
THE	ORY								
1.	20HMG05	Professional	HS	2	0	0	2	2	
		Practice and							
		Ethics							
2.	20EC013	Digital Signal	PC	3	0	0	3	3	
		Processing	ASTITI	13	-				
3.	20EC014	Analog	PC	3	0	0	3	3	
		Communication							
4.	20EC015	Control Systems	PC	3	0	0	3	3	
5.	20ECPxx	Professional	PE	3	0	0	3	3	
		Elective-I							
6.	20xxExx	Open Elective –	OE	3	0	0	3	3	
		III							
PRA	CTICALS								
7.	20EC016	Digital Signal	PC	_0	0	3	3	1.5	
		Processing							
		Laboratory							
8.	20EC017	Analog	PC	0	0	3	3	1.5	
		Communication							
		Laboratory		\langle			-5- 11		
			Total	17	0	6	23	20	
	SEMESTER – VI								

SEMESTER - VI

				r	- 144					
S.	COURSE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	PE	RIO	DS	TOTAL	CREDITS		
NO.	CODE	MISDU			PER		CONTACT	*		
				WEEK			PERIODS			
				L	Т	Р	\sim			
THE	THEORY COIMBATORE - 10									
1.	20EC018	Digital VLSI	PC	3	0	0	3	3		
	6	Design					1	>		
2.	20EC019	Digital	PC	3	0	0	3	3		
		Communication								
3.	20EC020	Antennas and	PC	3	0	0	3	3		
		Wave Propagation								
4.	20ECPxx	Professional	DE	3	0	0	3	3		
		Elective-II	ΓĽ							
5.	20xxExx	Open Elective –IV	OE	3	0	0	3	3		
PRA	PRACTICALS									
6.	20EC021	VLSI Design	PC	0	0	3	3	1.5		
		Laboratory								
7.	20EC022	Digital	PC	0	0	3	3	1.5		

		Communication Laboratory						
8.	20EC901	Design Project	EC	0	0	6	6	3
			Total	18	0	12	30	21
9.	20AC002	Constitution of	Total AC	18 3	0	12 0	30 3	- 21

SEMESTER – VII

S.	COURSE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	PERIODS		DS	TOTAL	CREDITS	
NO.	CODE				PER		CONTACT		
			NSTIT	V	WEEK		PERIODS		
				L	Τ	Р			
THE	THEORY								
1.	20EC023	Optical	PC	3	0	0	3	3	
		Communication							
2.	20EC024	RF and	PC	3	0	0	3	3	
		Microwave							
		Communication							
3.	20ECPxx	Professional	PE	3	0	0	3 7	3	
		Elective-III							
4.	20ECPxx	Professional	PE	3	0	0	3	3	
		Elective-IV							
5.	20ECPxx	Professional	PE	3	0	0	3	3	
		Elective-V							
PRA	CTICALS						$ \gg $		
6.	20EC025	Optical and	PC	0	0	4	4	2	
		Microwave)					
		Laboratory							
7.	20EC902	Final Year	SCIEC INF	0	0	6	6	3	
		Project - I			M	i0s	Dr		
		NISDU.	Total	15	0	10	25	20	

SEMESTER – VIII COIMBATORE - 10

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	PERIODS PER WEEK		DDS R K	TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS		
	-			L	Т	Р				
THE	THEORY									
1.	20ECPxx	Professional	PE	3	0	0	3	3		
		Elective-VI								
PRA	CTICALS									
2.	20EC903	Final Year	EC	0	0	16	16	8		
		Project - II								
			Total	3	0	16	19	11		

TOTAL NUMBER OF CREDITS: 160 Page 5 of 167

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

ELECTIVE – I & II GROUP

S.	COURSE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	P	ERI	ODS	TOTAL	CREDITS
NO.	CODE				PE	R	CONTACT	
					WE	EK	PERIODS	
				L	Т	Р		
1.	20ECP01	Electronic	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Measurements		_				
2.	20ECP02	Advanced Digital	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		System Design	12111	1	1			
3.	20ECP03	Computer	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Architecture	July .				\sim \sim	
4.	20ECP04	Advanced	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Microprocessors						
		and	ETT?					\mathbf{N}
	- / s	Microcontrollers	5				1	
5.	20ECP05	Optoelectronics	PE	3	0	0	3 7	3
6.	20ECP06	Biomedical	PE	-3	0	0	3	3
		Instrumentation						
7.	20ECP07	Numerical Analysis	PE	3	0	0	3	3
8.	20ECP08	Nano Electronics	PE	3	0	0	3	3
9.	20ECP09	Electromagnetic	PE	3	0	0	-> 3	3
		Interference and		_	\sim			
		Compatibility		_				
10.	20ECP10	Telecommunication	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Switching and	SCIPLINE		D			
		Networks		and and the	1	US	PFD	
•		MIDU					STITV/	

ELECTIVE -III & IV GROUP

G	COUDCE		GATEGODY	DE	DIO	DC	TOTAL	ODEDITO
S .	COURSE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	PE	RIO	DS	TOTAL	CREDITS
NO.	CODE				PER		CONTACT	
	9			WEEK		K	PERIODS	
				L	Т	Р		
1.	20ECP11	Digital Image	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Processing						
2.	20ECP12	Principles of	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Satellite						
		Communication						
3.	20ECP13	High Performance	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Communication						
		Networks						

4.	20ECP14	Real time Concepts	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		for Embedded						
		Systems						
5.	20ECP15	Software for	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Embedded						
		Systems						
6.	20ECP16	Artificial	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Intelligence						
7.	20ECP17	Low Power VLSI	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Design						
8.	20ECP18	Optical Networks		3	0	0	3	3
9.	20ECP19	Electronic	PE	-3	0	0	3	3
		Packaging				C		
10.	20ECP20	Introduction to	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		MEMS System						
		Design						

ELECTIVE – V & VI GROUP

S.	CO <mark>URSE</mark>	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	PE	RIO	DS	TOT <mark>A</mark> L	CREDITS
NO.	CODE		4		PER		CONTACT	
				V	VEE	K	PERIODS	
				L	Т	Р	-5-2	
1.	20ECP21	Wireless	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Communication						
2.	20ECP22	Cognitive Radio	PE	3	0	0	3	3
3.	20ECP23	Wireless Networks	SC PE VE	3	0	0	3	3
4.	20ECP24	Cryptography and	DE	3	0	0	PFD3	3
		Network Security					Y	
5.	20ECP25	Wireless Sensor	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Networks	MBATORE	_	10			
6.	20ECP26	Introduction to	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Embedded						
	-1	Controllers					7	
7.	20ECP27	ASIC Design	PE	3	0	0	3	3
8.	20ECP28	Machine Learning	PE	3	0	0	3	3
9.	20ECP29	Deep Learning	PE	3	0	0	3	3
10.	20ECP30	Cognitive	PE	3	0	0	3	3
		Robotics						

OPEN ELECTIVES

S.	COURSE	COURSE NAME	CATEGORY	PE	RIO	DS	TOTAL	CREDITS
NO.	CODE				PER		CONTACT	
				V	VEE	K	PERIODS	
				L	Т	Р		
	OPEN E	LECTIVES OFFE	RED BY CSE I	DEP	ART	ſME	NT TO OTHE	ER
		B.]	E.PROGRAMM	1ES				
1	20CSE01	Basics of Python	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Programming	OTIT					
2	20CSE02	Introduction to	N ◯OE	3	0	0	3	3
		AI			5	0		
3	20CSE03	Fundamentals of	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Data Science					\sim	
4	20CSE04	Basics of Internet	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Programming						\
5	20CSE05	Introduction to	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Soft Computing					Z	
	OPEN E	LECTIVES OFFE	RED BY EE <mark>E I</mark>	DEP	AR	CMF	NT TO <mark>OTH</mark>	ER
		B.1	E.PROGRA <mark>MN</mark>	1ES				
1	20EEE01	Energy	OE	3	0	0	3	3
	12	Management				_		
		Systems		1		_	-5-12	
2	20EEE02	Medical	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Instrumentation						
3	20EEE03	PLC	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Programming	SCIPLINE	()	Pr	20		
4	20EEE04	Renewable	OE	3	0	0	PFD3	3
		Energy Systems					YI	
5	20EEE05	Virtual	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Instrumentation	MBATORE	-	10		\rightarrow	
		& Data						
	4	Acquisition					1	
6	20EEE06	Electric Vehicles	OE	3	0	0	3	3
	OPEN	ELECTIVES OFFI	ERED BY IT D	EPA	RT	ME	NT TO OTHE	R
	1	B.1	E.PROGRAMM	1ES	1			
		Big Data	OE	3	0	0	3	3
1	20ITE01	Analytics and its						
		Applications						
2	20ITE02	Cloud Computing	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Fundamentals						
3	20ITE03	Fundamentals of	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Internet of Things						

		Introduction to	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Database	02	U	Ű	Ũ	C	C
4	20ITE04	Management						
		Systems						
		Web Interface	OE	3	0	0	3	3
5	20ITE05	Design and	ŬL.	5	Ŭ	Ŭ	5	5
0	2011200	Development						
		Introduction to	OE	3	0	0	3	3
6	20ITE06	Data Structures	01	U	Ŭ	Ŭ	5	5
		Principles of	OE	3	0	0	3	3
7	20ITE07	Software	CTIT					
		Engineering	19111	,	47	ar i		
OPE	EN ELECTIV	VES OFFERED BY	MECHANICA	LE	ENG	INE	ERING DEPA	RTMENT
		то отн	ER B.E.PROG	RAN	MM	ES	\sim \sim	
1	20MEE01	Automotive	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Fundamentals						
2	20MEE02	Computer Aided	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Design						
3	20MEE03	Power Plant	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Engineering						
4	20MEE04	Industrial	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Engineering						
5	20MEE05	Rapid 🥂	OE	3	0	0	7 3 0	3
	1	Prototyping					\geq	/
	OPEN E	LECTIVES OFFE	RED BY ECE I	DEP	AR	ſMF	ENT TO OTHI	ER
		B.J	E.PROGRAMM	1ES				
1	20ECE01	Electronic	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		Measurements	SOLLTINE		Ph	00	DE	
		and				~0	TERITU?	
		Instrumentation						
2	20ECE02	Microcontrollers	OE	3	0	0 (3	3
		and its	MRAIORE	-	10			
		Applications					$< \$	
3	20ECE03	Introduction to	OE	3	0	0	3	3
	U	Embedded					7	
		Systems						
4	20ECE04	Nano Electronics	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		and Sensors						
5	20ECE05	Principles of	OE	3	0	0	3	3
		VLSI Systems						

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION

S.	Course Work - Subject Area		Credits/Semester							Credits
NO.		Ι	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	Total
1	Humanities and Social									
	Sciences including	3	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	8
	Management Courses (HSMC)									
2	Basic Sciences Courses (BS)	13.5	<mark>5.5</mark>	4	3	0	0	0	0	26
3	Engineering Science Courses (ES)	7	10	3	0	0	0	0	0	20
4	Professional Core Courses (PC)	0	3	12	15	12	12	8	0	62
5	Professional Elective Courses (PE)	0	0	0	0	3	3	9	3	18
6	Open Electives (OE)	0	0	3	3	3	3	0	0	12
7	Employability Courses (EC)	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	8	14
	Total	23.5	21.5	22	21	20	21	20	11	160

SCIPLINE PROSPERIT

WISDOM

COIMBATORE - 10

FIRST SEMESTER SYLLABUS

COIMBATORE - 10

WISDOM

PROSPERIT

Page 11 of 167

20115/201	Tachnical English	L	Т	Р	С
20H5G01	rechnical English	2	0	2	3

The primary objective of this course is enhancement of listening, speaking, reading, writing skills of students. It further enables them to develop corporate test-taking strategies as well as employability skills through various grammar exercises for academic and workplace context.

COURSE CONTENT:

Importance of Communication

Listening: Importance of listening in the corporate world. Exposure to structured talks Speaking: Self-introduction, Peer introduction, Extempore Reading: Skimming and Scanning, Note-Making Writing: Parts of Speech, Tense, Subject-Verb Agreement, Prepositions, Instructions Formal Letters (Quotations, Clarification, Placing orders & Complaint letter)

Formal Communication

Listening: Listening to motivational talks / TED talks, Note-taking practice. Speaking: Describing a product/place, Conversation practice, Telephonic Conversation. Reading: Reading Comprehension, Reading for specific information. Writing: Voices, Compound Nouns, Paragraph Writing, Recommendations, Email writing, Analytical and issue based essays.

Writing Strategies

Listening: Listening to Announcements, Listening to Product description and Process Speaking: Role-Play, Picture description. Reading: Cloze reading, Introduction to Blogs, Social media etiquette. Writing: Cause and Effect, Gerunds and Infinitives, Tag Questions, Modal Verbs, Checklist.

Presentation Skills

Listening: Listening to Group Discussion and Interview Skills. Speaking: Presentation on the technical topic, Sales talk. Reading: Interpreting pictures of visual graphics. Writing: If Conditional Clause, Use of sequence words, Process Description.

Technical Communication

Listening: Listening to talks of scientific nature, Listening for specific information.

Speaking: Giving impromptu talks, Giving a summary of an article.

Reading: Journals, Articles both general and technical.

Writing: Purpose and Function, extended definitions Wh- questions, Resume Writing, Report (Industrial visit reports, Accident report, Feasibility Reports) Proposals.

List of Laboratory Exercises

- 1. Speaking Self and Peer Introduction
- 2. Speaking General Conversation on Business Context
- 3. Listening to short recordings
- 4. Listening to conversation
- 5. Technical Presentation (PPT)

NISDOM

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1: Ability to make use of listening skills in business and workplace environment
- **CO2:** Ability to relate in oral communication confidently
- **CO3:** Ability to infer reading skills in different genres of texts and graphics through extensive reading.
- CO4: Ability to utilize appropriate writing strategies in technical and business context.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ian wood, Anne Williams with Anna Cowper, "Pass Cambridge BEC Preliminary", Second Edition, Cengage Learning, 2015.
- 2. Whitby, Norman, "Business Benchmark Pre-intermediate to Intermediate Business preliminary", First Edition Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- 3. Rizvi M.Ashraf, "Effective Technical Communication", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, Fourth Edition, 2010.
- 4. Gerson Sharon J, Steven M.Gerson, "Technical Writing-Process and Product", Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd. Third Edition, 2009.
- 5. Sanborn Pfeiffer, Padmaja, "Technical Communication, A Practical Approach" Pearson Publication, Sixth Edition, 2007.

PROSPE

COIMBATORE - 10

20MHG01	Coloulus and Lincon Alsohno	L	Т	Р	C
	Calculus and Linear Algebra	3	1	0	4

This course provides an understanding on various concepts of matrices, differential calculus, integral calculus and apply them in various Engineering fields.

COURSE CONTENT:

Matrices

Introduction – Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of eigenvalues and eigenvectors – Cayley-Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms – Stretching of an Elastic Membrane – Vibrating System of two masses on two springs.

Differential Calculus

Limit of function – One sided limit – Limit Laws – Continuity – left and right continuity – types of discontinuities – Intermediate Value Theorem – Derivatives of a function - Differentiation rules – Chain rule – Implicit differentiation – logarithmic differentiation – Maxima and minima – Mean value theorem

Functions of Several Variables

Partial derivatives – Total derivative – Differentiation of implicit functions – Change of variables – Jacobian – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor's series for functions of two variables Maxima and minima of functions of two variables – Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

Integral Calculus

COIMBATORE - 10

Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration - Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals.

Multiple Integrals

Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Triple integrals – Volume of solids – Change of variables in double and triple integrals.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1: Ability to solve practical problems that can be expressed as matrix algebra
- CO2: Ability to classify the theorems in differential calculus

- **CO3**: Ability to apply differential calculus on several variable functions
- **CO4**: Ability to apply integral calculus including multiple integrals to solve problems on area and volume

REFERENCES:

- 1. Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 10th Edition, Wiley India, 2016.
- 2. Grewal. B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 44th Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2017
- 3. James Stewart, "Calculus, Early Transcendental", 7th Edition, Cengage learning, New Delhi, 2018.
- 4. Joel Hass, Christopher Heil and Maurice D.Weir, Thomas "Calculus", Pearson, 14th Edition, New Delhi, 2018.
- 5. Srimanta Paul and Subodh C. Bhunia, "Engineering Mathematics", Oxford University Press, 1st Edition, 2015.



20000001	Engineering PhysicsLT31	Р	C	
20PHG01		3	1	0

This course imparts knowledge in basic concepts and advances in Acoustics, Mechanics, Optics and Electromagnetic waves and develops an intuitive understanding of Physics by emphasizing Quantum computing for engineering applications.

COURSE CONTENT:

Acoustics, Ultrasonics and Thermal Insulation

Classification of Sound - decibel - Weber - Fechner law - Sabine's formula - derivation using growth and decay method - Absorption Co efficient and its determination - factors affecting acoustics of buildings and their remedies - Production of ultrasonic– Piezoelectric generator – Detection of ultrasonic waves – Applications – NDT – pulse echo system through transmission and reflection mode - thermal insulation of buildings.

Introduction to Mechanics and

Moment of inertia (M.I) - Radius of gyration - M.I of circular disc, solid cylinder, diatomic molecule - K.E of a rotating body — centre of mass – conservation of linear momentum – Relation between Torque and angular momentum - Torsional pendulum - The concept of gravity – Law of universal gravitation –weigh and weightlessness – Projectile motion – range – height – time.

Quantum Mechanics

Photons and light waves - Electrons and matter waves - The Schrodinger equation (Time dependent and time independent forms) - meaning of wave function - Normalization - particle in an infinite potential well - Introduction to quantum computing - History of quantum computation and quantum information - Quantum bits - Quantum Physics and Computation Global perspectives - Future directions.

Oscillations, Optics and Lasers

Simple harmonic motion - resonance - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave - sound waves - Doppler effect - reflection and refraction of light waves - total internal reflection - interference – Michelson interferometer - air wedge experiment. Laser - characteristics - Spontaneous and stimulated emission - population inversion - CO2 laser, semiconductor laser - applications - holography.

Electromagnetic Waves

Gauss's law – Faraday's law - Ampere's law - The Maxwell's equations (qualitative only) - wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, Conditions on the wave field - properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - polarization - Producing electromagnetic waves - Energy and momentum in EM waves.

9+3

9+3

Course Outcome:

CO1: Ability to understand the basic concepts of physics and their relevant applications in acoustics, non-destructive testing and thermal insulation

CO2: Ability to illustrate the fundamental concepts in rigid bodies and gravitation

CO3: Ability to apply the concepts of quantum computations

CO4: Ability to understand the working principle of lasers and its applications.

CO5: Ability to apply the knowledge of oscillations and propagation of electromagnetic waves in solving engineering problems

REFERENCES:

- D. Halliday, R. Resnick and J. Walker. Principles of Physics. John Wiley & Sons, 10th Edition, 2015.
- 2. D. Kleppner, R. J. Kolenkow, An Introduction to Mechanics, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 10th Edition, 2005.
- 3. D. J. Griffiths. Introduction to Electrodynamics. Pearson Education, 3rd Edition 2015.
- 4. S. Mani Naidu, Engineering Physics, Pearson Publications, 2014.

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- 5. A. Marikani, Engineering Physics, PHI Publications, 2nd Edition, 2014.
- 6. Larry .D Kirkpatrick, Gregory E. Francis, Physics: A Conceptual World View, 7th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2010.
- 7. Paul G. Hewitt, John Suchocki, Leslie A. Hewitt, Conceptual Physical Science Pearson, 6th Edition, 2017.
- 8. Michael Nielsen, Isaac Chuang, Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, Cambridge, 10th Anniversary Edition, 2010.

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COIMBATORE - 10

20011001	Engineering Chemistry	L	Т	Р	С
20CHG01	Engineering Chemistry	3	1	0	4

The objective of the course is to provide knowledge on Electrochemistry, Battery Technology, Photochemistry, Spectroscopy, Water chemistry and Nanochemistry in the practice of engineering.

COURSE CONTENT:

Electrochemistry

Electrochemical cells – Nernst Equation (Problems), Electrode potential – Representation of a cell -Galvanic cell-Construction and working - Electrodes – Standard Hydrogen Electrode (SHE), Saturated Calomel Electrode (SCE) and Glass Electrode –Electrochemical Series and its applications - Conductometric titrations (Acid -Base Titration).

Batteries

Batteries – Characteristics – Current, Power, Capacity, Classification of batteries – Primary (Dry and Alkaline battery) – Secondary batteries (Lead acid and Nickel – Cadmium) and Flow batteries (Hydrogen – Oxygen and Methanol – Oxygen fuel cells) – Modern batteries – Lithium Ion batteries – Applications.

Photochemistry and Spectroscopy

Photochemistry: Laws of photochemistry - Grotthuss-Draper law, Stark-Einstein law and Lambert-Beer Law. Photo physical processes – Jablonski diagram. Chemiluminescence, photosensitization and photo quenching– mechanism and examples. Spectroscopy: Electromagnetic spectrum - absorption of radiation - electronic, vibrational and rotational transitions. Atomic absorption spectroscopy, UV-Vis and IR spectroscopy- principles, instrumentation (Block diagram) and applications.

Water Treatment

COIMBATORE - 10

Importance of water – Water sources – Impurities – Carbonate and Non Carbonate Hardness (simple problems) – Potable water and its specifications, Steps involved in treatment of potable water – Disinfection methods – Internal Conditioning (Phosphate, Calgon, Carbonate and Colloidal conditioning method) – External Conditioning – Demineralisation process – Zeolite process– Desalination (Reverse Osmosis).

Nanochemistry

Basics-distinction between molecules, nanomaterials and bulk materials; size-dependent properties. Types –nanoparticle, nanocluster, nanorod, nanowire and nanotube. Preparation of nanomaterials: sol-gel, solvothermal, laser ablation, chemical vapour deposition, electrochemical deposition and electro spinning. Characterization – Scanning Electron Microscope and Transmission Electron Microscope – Principle and instrumentation (block diagram). Properties

(optical, electrical, mechanical and magnetic) and Applications of nanomaterials – medicine, agriculture, electronics and catalysis.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- **CO1:** Ability to discuss the concepts of electrochemistry
- **CO2:** Ability to compare the materials best suited for construction of battery
- CO3: Ability to understand the concepts of photo chemistry and spectroscopy techniques
- **CO4:** Ability to understand the basic properties of water and its quality improvement for domestic and industrial purposes
- **CO5:** Ability to apply basic concepts of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology as a key component for applications involving batteries, fuel cells and water treatment

REFERENCES:

- 1. Jain P. C. & Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", 16th Edition, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2015.
- 2. Sivasankar B., "Engineering Chemistry", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 6th Edition, 2012.
- 3. Dara S. S, "A text book of Engineering Chemistry", Chand Publications, 2nd Edition, 2014.
- 4. Vairam.S, Kalyani.P, Suba Ramesh, "Engineering Chemistry", John Wiley & Sons, 1st Edition, 2016.
- 5. Palanna O G, "Engineering Chemistry", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 1st Edition, 2009.
- Shikha Agarwal, "Engineering Chemistry Fundamentals and applications", Cambridge university press, 2nd Edition, 2019.

PROSPER

COIMBATORE - 10

20ITG01	Decomming for Dechlom Solving using C	L	Т	Р	C
	Programming for Problem Solving Using C	3	0	0	3

This course provides an introduction to computer hardware. The course further deals with problem solving techniques and their implementations through syntax and semantics of C language.

COURSE CONTENT:

Fundamentals of Computing

Basic concepts of computer organizations, Generation and classification of computers, Number System Representation, Fundamentals of algorithms, Pseudo code, Flow charts.

C Language Fundamentals

Introduction to C programming, Structure of a C program, Compilation and Linking Processes, Character Set, Identifiers, Keywords, Data Types, Constant and Variables, Statements, Expressions, Operators, Precedence of operators, Input-Output Operations, Control Structures, Decision Making, Branching & Looping. Application: Solving Simple Scientific and Mathematical Problems.

Arrays and Strings

Introduction to Arrays, One Dimensional Array, Multidimensional Array. Application: Matrix Operations, Sorting, Searching, Sum of Series and Statistical Problems. String Manipulation, String Arrays. Application: Solving problems using String Functions.

Functions and Pointers

User Defined and Standard Functions, Formal and Actual arguments, Function Prototypes, Parameter Passing, Call-by-Value, Call-by-Reference, Recursion. Application: Math Functions, Computation of Sine Series, Random Number Generation, Tower of Hanoi and Factorial using Recursive Functions. Pointers, Pointer Variables, Pointer Arithmetic, Passing Parameters by Reference, Pointer to Pointer, Pointers to Functions, Dynamic Memory Allocation. Application: Card shuffling and Dealing Simulation using Pointers.

Structures, Unions and File Handling

Declaration of Structures, Nested Structure, Pointer to Structure, Declaration of Unions, Pointer to Union, Application: Student Records. Storage Classes, Pre-Processor Directives. Files -Types of File Processing: Sequential Access, Random Access. Application: Transaction Processing Program.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Ability to apply the concepts of algorithm, pseudo code and flow chart to solve problems

CO2: Ability to build control structures to solve problems

WISDOM

- CO3: Ability to choose data structures for managing user data
- CO4: Ability to apply memory and I/O management constructs of C

REFERENCES:

- 1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Richard F. Gilberg, "Computer Science: A Structured Programming Approach Using C", 3rd Edition, Course Technology Inc, 2005.
- Byron Gottfried S. "Programming in C", 3rd Edition, (Indian Edition), Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
- 3. Balagurusamy E. "Programming in ANSI C", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2014.
- 4. Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel "C How to Program", 7th Edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2012.
- 5. Brian Kernighan, Dennis Ritchie "The 'C' programming language", 2nd Edition Prentice Hall Software Series.
- 6. Greg Perry, Dean Miller, "C Programming Absolute Beginner's Guide", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2014.

COIMBATORE - 10

PROSPERI

Page 21 of 167

20MECO2	Engineering Workshop	L	Т	Р	С
20MEG02	Engineering workshop	0	0	4	2

This course aims to make the students understand about various basic engineering practices in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Electronics Engineering by providing practical experience.

COURSE CONTENT:

I. Civil Engineering Practice Lab

Buildings: Study of plumbing and carpentry components of residential and industrial buildings.

PLUMBING WORKS

a) Study of pipeline joints, its location and functions: valves, taps, couplings, unions, reducers, and elbows in household fittings.

b) Study of pipe connections requirements for pumps and turbines.

c) Preparation of plumbing line sketches for water supply and sewage works.

Hands-on-exercise:

a) Basic pipe connections – Mixed pipe material connection – Pipe connections with different joining components.

PROSPERI

b) Demonstration of plumbing requirements of high-rise buildings.

WOOD WORK

Study of the joints in roofs, doors, windows and furniture. Studying common industrial trusses using models.

Hands-on-exercise:

Wood work, joints by sawing, planning and cutting.

II. Mechanical Engineering Practice Lab

Welding & Sheet metal

- 1. Preparation of arc welding of butt joints, lap joints, tee joints and corner joints.
- 2. Sign board fabrication by the application of knowledge gained through welding process

COIMBATORE - 10

3. Forming of simple objects using sheet metal – Trays.

Machining practices

Metal Hammer fabrication using Simple turning, taper turning, drilling taping practice.

Study

Assembling a centrifugal pump Assembling a blower Assembling an air conditioner

Demonstration

1. Demonstration on foundry operations.

III. Electrical Engineering Practice Lab

- 1. Familiarization of wiring tools, lighting accessories of CFL and incandescent lamps, types and selection of Fuse and MCB.
- 2. Study of various types of wiring systems
 - a. Wiring of one lamp controlled by one switch.
 - b. Wiring of one lamp controlled by two SPDT Switch and one 3 pin plug socket independently.
 - c. Wiring of fluorescent lamp controlled by one switch from panel with MCB.
- 3. Study of wiring of different household appliances
 - a. Iron-Box wiring.
 - b. Fan Regulator wiring.
 - c. Emergency Lamp wiring.
- 4. Familiarization with measuring instruments to measure current, voltage and power in AC/DC circuits.

IV. Electronics Engineering Practice Lab

- 1. Study of Electronic Components and instruments– Resistors, Capacitors, Inductors, Diodes and multimeter.
- 2. Measurement of AC signal parameters (voltage, period, frequency) using CRO.
- 3. Measurement of ripple factor of half wave rectifier and full wave rectifier.
- 4. Study of logic gates –AND, OR, XOR and NOT.
- 5. Soldering practice using general purpose PCB Components, Devices and Circuits.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to make various joints in carpentry and select suitable tools for plumbing.
- **CO2:** Ability to fabricate products by selecting suitable tools for machining, metal joining and sheet metal processes.
- **CO3:** Ability to understand the fundamental electrical parameters, protective devices, domestic wiring and accessories.
- **CO4:** Ability to understand the basic principles of electronic components and to apply them in the design of simple electronic circuits on PCB.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Bawa H.S., "Workshop Practice", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2009.
- 2. Chapman, William. Workshop Technology Part 1, Part 2. Routledge, 2019.
- 3. Uppal S. L., Electrical Wiring & Estimating, Khanna Publishers---fifth edition, 2003.
- 4. John H. Watt, Terrell Croft: American Electricians' Handbook: A Reference Book for the Practical Electrical Man McGraw-Hill, 2002.
- 5. Thomas L. Floyd and Steve Wetterling, "Laboratory Exercises for Electronic Devices", Pearson Education Limited, Tenth Edition, 2017.

20PHG02	Engineering Dhysics Laboratory	L	Т	Р	C
	Engineering Physics Laboratory	0	0	3	1.5

The students will be provided with an insight to handle optical instruments like microscope, spectrometer, laser and fibre optic kit. The course also provides an outline of modern instruments such as Ultrasonic interferometer, band gap instruments and CRO.

COURSE CONTENT;

List of Experiments

- 1. Determination of velocity of sound and compressibility of liquid Ultrasonic Interferometer.
- 2. Determination of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor using Lee's Disc method.
- 3. Determination of Young's modulus by non uniform bending method.
- 4. Determination of Young's modulus by uniform bending method.
- 5. Determination of rigidity modulus of a wire and moment inertia of a disc Torsional pendulum.
- 6. Determination of dispersive power of prism using spectrometer.
- 7. Determination of wavelength of a spectral line using spectrometer grating.
- 8. Determination of thickness of thin sheet / wire Air wedge.
- 9. Determination angle of divergence and wavelength using laser.
- 10. Determination of Particle size using laser.
- 11. Determination of acceptance angle and numerical aperture of an optical fiber.
- 12. Determination of energy band gap of a semiconductor by using p-n junction diode.

COURSE OUTCOME:

- **CO1:** Ability to select appropriate materials for the thermal insulation of structures using Lee's disc experiment.
- **CO2:** Ability to use Interferometer to measure compressibility of the liquid and velocity of ultrasonic waves.
- **CO3:** Ability to analyze the elastic nature of materials and compute elastic moduli of different materials.
- **CO4:** Ability to distinguish silicon and germanium semiconducting materials using forbidden energy gap experiment.
- **CO5:** Ability to apply the principle of interference, diffraction and refraction to calculate the thickness of an insulation of a wire, micro-particle size and wavelength of spectral lines.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dr. S. Vijayakumar, Engineering Physics I, John Wiley Publications, 2014.
- 2. Dr. S. Vijayakumar, Engineering Physics II, John Wiley Publications, 2015.

2017/02	Drogramming in C.I. about any	L	Т	Р	С
2011 G02	Programming in C Laboratory	0	0	4	2

This course provides guidance to find solutions for engineering problems by developing computer applications using C language.

COURSE CONTENT:

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Problem Solving Techniques (Algorithm, Pseudo code, Flowcharts).
- 2. Program using Simple Statements and Expressions.
- 3. Scientific Problem Solving using Decision Making and Looping.
- 4. Program using Single and Multidimensional Array.
- 5. Program using String, Math Inbuilt Functions.
- 6. Program using User Defined Functions (string & array manipulation) and Storage Classes.
- 7. Program using Recursive Function.
- 8. Program using Dynamic Memory Allocation.
- 9. Program using Structures and Unions.
- 10. Program using Files.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to find solution methodology using different problem solving techniques.
- CO2: Ability to use appropriate data types and control structures for solving a given problem.
- **CO3:** Ability to apply the various concepts of C programming for solving engineering problems.
- **CO4:** Ability to analyse the problem-solving techniques which is appropriate for solving real world problems.

REFERENCES:

COIMBATORE - 10

- 1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Richard F. Gilberg, "Computer Science: A Structured Programming Approach Using C", Third Edition, Course Technology Inc, 2005.
- 2. Byron Gottfried S. "Programming in C", Third Edition, (Indian Edition), Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
- 3. Balagurusamy E. "Programming in ANSI C", Eighth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education.
- 4. Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel "C How to Program", Seventh Edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2012.

SECOND SEMESTER SYLLABUS

COIMBATORE - 10

WISDOM

PROSPERIT

20HSG02

UNIVERSAL HUMAN VALUES II -UNDERSTANDING HARMONY

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Development of a holistic perspective based on self-exploration about themselves (human being), family, society and nature/existence.
- Understanding (or developing clarity) of the harmony in the human being, family, society and nature/existence
- Strengthening of self-reflection.
- Development of commitment and courage to act.

COURSE CONTENT:

Module 1: Course Introduction - Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education

Purpose and motivation for the course, recapitulation from Universal Human Values-I, Self-Exploration-what is it? - Its content and process; 'Natural Acceptance' and Experiential Validation as the process for self-exploration, Continuous Happiness and Prosperity- A look at basic Human Aspirations, Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility- the basic requirements for fulfilment of aspirations of every human being with their correct priority, Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly- A critical appraisal of the current scenario, Method to fulfil the above human aspirations: understanding and living in harmony at various levels.

Module 2: Understanding Harmony in the Human Being - Harmony in Myself!

Understanding human being as a co-existence of the sentient 'I' and the material 'Body', Understanding the needs of Self ('I') and 'Body' - happiness and physical facility, Understanding the Body as an instrument of 'I' (I being the doer, seer and enjoyer), Understanding the characteristics and activities of 'I' and harmony in 'I', Understanding the harmony of I with the Body: Sanyam and Health; correct appraisal of Physical needs, meaning of Prosperity in detail, Programs to ensure Sanyam and Health.

Module 3: Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society- Harmony in Human-

Human Relationship

Understanding values in human-human relationship; meaning of Justice (nine universal values in relationships) and program for its fulfilment to ensure mutual happiness; Trust and Respect as the foundational values of relationship, Understanding the meaning of Trust; Difference between intention and competence, Understanding the meaning of Respect, Difference between respect and differentiation; the other salient values in relationship, Understanding the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family): Resolution, Prosperity, fearlessness (trust) and co-

existence as comprehensive Human Goals, Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society-Undivided Society, Universal Order- from family to world family.

Module 4: Understanding Harmony in the Nature and Existence - Whole existence as

Coexistence

Understanding the harmony in the Nature, Interconnectedness and mutual fulfillment among the four orders of nature- recyclability and self-regulation in nature, Understanding Existence as Co-existence of mutually interacting units in all-pervasive space, Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence.

Module 5: Implications of the above Holistic Understanding of Harmony on Professional

Ethics

Natural acceptance of human values, Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct, Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic Universal Order, Competence in professional ethics:

a. Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order

b. Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people friendly and eco-friendly production systems,

c. Ability to identify and develop appropriate technologies and management patterns for above production systems.

Case studies of typical holistic technologies, management models and production systems, Strategy for transition from the present state to Universal Human Order:

a. At the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible engineers, technologists and managers

b. At the level of society: as mutually enriching institutions and organizations, Sum up.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1: Ability to become more aware of themselves, and their surroundings (family, society, nature)
- **CO2:** Ability to become more responsible in life, and in handling problems with sustainable solutions while keeping human relationships and human nature in mind.
- **CO3:** Ability to have better critical ability.
- **CO4:** Ability to become sensitive to their commitment towards what they have understood (human values, human relationship and human society).
- **CO5:** Ability to apply what they have learnt to their own self in different day-to-day settings in real life, at least a beginning would be made in this direction.

Readings:

 R R Gaur, R Asthana A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1. Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-53-2

REFERENCES:

- 1. Jeevan Vidya: Ek Parichaya, A Nagaraj, Jeevan Vidya Prakashan, Amarkantak, 1999.
- 2. Human Values, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. The Story of Stuff (Book).
- 4. The Story of My Experiments with Truth by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi
- 5. Small is Beautiful E. F Schumacher.
- 6. Slow is Beautiful Cecile Andrews
- 7. Economy of Permanence J C Kumarappa
- 8. Bharat Mein Angreji Raj PanditSunderlal
- 9. Rediscovering India by Dharampal
- 10. Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule by Mohandas K. Gandhi
- 11. India Wins Freedom Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad
- 12. Vivekananda Romain Rolland (English)
- 13. Gandhi Romain Rolland (English)

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Relevant CDs, Movies, Documentaries & Other Literature:

- 1. Value Education website, http://www.uptu.ac.in
- 2. Story of Stuff, http://www.storyofstuff.com
- 3. Al Gore, An Inconvenient Truth, Paramount Classics, USA
- 4. Charlie Chaplin, Modern Times, United Artists, USA
- 5. IIT Delhi, Modern Technology the Untold Story

COIMBATORE - 10

PROSPERI

20MHG02

DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND COMPLEX VARIABLES

L	Т	Р	С
3	1	0	4

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course provides knowledge on various concepts of differential equations, vector calculus, complex differentiation, complex integration, Laplace transforms and apply them in various engineering problems.

COURSE CONTENT:

Second and Higher Order Linear Differential Equations

Linear equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients – Homogenous equations of Euler's and Legendre's type – Method of variation of parameters – First order Simultaneous linear equations with constant coefficients – Simple Applications.

Vector Calculus

Gradient and directional derivative – Divergence and curl - Irrotational and Solenoidal vector fields – Line integral over a plane curve – Surface integral - Area of a curved surface - Volume integral - Green's theorem, Gauss divergence theorem and Stoke's theorems – Verification and application in evaluating line, surface and volume integrals.

Analytic Function

Analytic functions – Necessary and sufficient conditions for analyticity – Properties – Harmonic conjugates – Construction of analytic function – Conformal mapping – Mapping by functions w = c + z, az, $\frac{1}{z}$, z^2 – Bilinear transformation – Temperatures in a Quarter-plane metallic sheet. PROSPER

Complex Integration

Line integral – Cauchy's Integral theorem – Cauchy's Integral formula – Taylor's and Laurent's series – Singularities – Residues – Cauchy Residue theorem – Application of residue theorem for evaluation of real integrals – Use of circular contour and semicircular contour with no pole on real axis.

Laplace Transform

Laplace transform – Sufficient condition for existence – Transform of elementary functions – Basic properties - Transforms of derivatives and integrals of functions - Derivatives and integrals of transforms - Transforms of unit step function and impulse function - Transform of periodic functions. Inverse Laplace transform - Convolution theorem - Initial and final value theorems - Application to solution of linear ordinary differential equations with constant coefficients.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to apply higher order linear differential equations in simple applications
- **CO2:** Ability to solve problems in the domain of fluid dynamics using vector calculus
- **CO3:** Ability to construct analytic functions and use their conformal mapping property in application problems.
- **CO4:** Ability to apply the Cauchy's integral formula and residue theorem to evaluate real and complex integrals.
- **CO5:** Ability to apply Laplace transform for solving linear differential equations.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 10th Edition, Wiley India, 2016.
- 2. Grewal. B.S, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 43rd Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2016.
- 3. Ravish R Singh and Mukul Bhatt, "Engineering Mathematics", 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi, 2016.
- 4. Srimanta Paul and Subodh C. Bhunia, "Engineering Mathematics", Oxford University Press, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 5. Peter V.O'Neil, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Cengage Learning India Pvt., Ltd, 7th Edition, New Delhi, 2012.

PROSPERI WISDOM COIMBATORE - 10

20CSG01

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course provides an insight on the basic principles of Object Oriented Programming using C++ and its applications in real world scenarios.

COURSE CONTENT:

Fundamentals of OOP and C++

Structural versus object-oriented Programming - Elements of object oriented programmingbenefits of OOP – Structure of C++ program - Variables - Tokens - Keywords – Identifiers -Type modifiers - Type casting - Input and Output - Data Types and Expressions - Operators -Flow of control - Arrays, Strings and Pointers.

Classes and Objects

Classes and Objects - Class specification: Class Members, Access Specifier, Scope resolution operator- Class Instantiation - Accessing class members- Passing and returning objects - Array of objects - Constructors: Parameterized constructors - Default arguments - Copy Constructor - Constructor overloading, Destructors - new, delete operators - "this" pointer - Friend classes and friend functions.

Overloading and Inheritance

Function overloading - Operator overloading: Overloadable operators - Unary operator overloading - Binary operator overloading, Overloading the Operator Using Friend Function - Inheritance: Base class and derived class relationship - Derived class declaration - Types of inheritance - Member accessibility - Constructors in derived class.

Virtual functions and Generic Programming

Virtual Functions: Need for virtual function - Pointer to derived class objects - Pure virtual functions - Abstract classes – Virtual Destructors, Generic programming with templates: Function templates - class templates

I/O Streams and Exception handling

Streams: Formatted and unformatted data – Manipulators - Files: Opening and Closing a file - File modes - File pointers and their manipulation, Sequential access to a file - Random access to a file - Reading and Writing files, Exception handling: Exception handling constructs - Handling exceptions.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Ability to understand the concepts of Object Oriented Programming

CO2: Ability to choose appropriate Object Oriented features for solving various problems

CO3: Ability to develop C++ application for real world scenarios

WISDOM

CO4: Ability to apply the concepts of Exception handling, generic programming and file handling in programmes using C++

REFERENCES:

- 1. Herbert Schildt, "C++ The Complete Reference", 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- 2. Bjarne Stroustrup, "The C++ Programming Language", 4th Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2013.
- 3. Deitel and Deitel, "C++ How to Program", 10th Edition, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited, 2018.
- 4. Robert Lafore, "Object Oriented Programming in C++", 4th Edition, Pearson India, 2002.
- 5. Stanley B. Lippman and Josee Lajoie, "C++ Primer", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2013.
- 6. E.Balagurusamy, "Object Oriented Programming with C++", 6th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013.

COIMBATORE - 10

PROSPERIT

201	ELECTDIC CIDCUITS	L	L T P	C	
20ECG01	ELECTRIC CIRCUITS	3	0	0	3

This course will enable the students to gain knowledge on the concepts of electric circuits, circuit laws, network theorems, network topology, RLC and coupled circuits

COURSE CONTENT:

Basic Circuit Concepts & Laws

Electrical elements and their classification– Charge, Current, Voltage, Power and Energy– Ohm's law – KCL and KVL–Independent and dependent sources– Series and Parallel circuits– Voltage and current division in Series and Parallel Circuits– Source Transformation –Star to Delta conversion and Delta to Star conversion-Principle of Duality.

Sinusoidal Steady State Analysis

A.C. Single Phase Circuits– Sinusoidal Voltage and Current – RMS Value – Form Factor – Phasor representation of Sinusoidal Voltage–Phasor relationship for R, L, and C, impedance and Admittance, Phasor Diagrams, AC Circuit Power Analysis, Instantaneous Power, Average Power, apparent Power and Power Factor, Complex Power.

Analysis of Electrical Circuits

Mesh and nodal analysis with Voltage and Current source for DC and AC circuits. Theorems: Superposition theorem -Thevenin's theorem - Norton's theorem - Reciprocity and Maximum Power Transfer theorem for AC and DC circuits.

Transients and Resonance in RLC Circuits

Transient response: Response of RL, RC and RLC circuit to DC supply. Resonance: Series Resonance– Parallel resonance–Basic definition of Quality factor & Band-width.

Coupled Circuits and Topology OIMBATORE - 10

Introduction to coupled circuits – Dot rule – Self and Mutual inductance – Coefficient of coupling –Magnetically Coupled Circuits - the Linear Transformer - the Ideal Transformer- An introduction to Network Topology-Trees and General Nodal analysis-Links and Loop analysis.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the Course, the students will have the

CO1: Ability to understand the concepts of circuit elements and laws of electric circuits.

CO2: Ability to apply circuit theorems / laws to compute DC and AC circuit parameters.

CO3: Ability to analyze the time and frequency responses of RL, RC and RLC circuits.

CO4: Ability to analyze coupled circuits, duality and network topology.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Charles K. Alexander and Matthew N.O. Sadiku, "Fundamentals of Electric Circuits", McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., Seventh Edition, 2020.
- 2. W.H.Hayt, Jr J. E. Kemmerly and S. M.Durbin, "Engineering Circuit Analysis", TMH, Ninth Edition, 2018.
- 3. Robert L. Boylestad, "Introductory Circuit Analysis", Pearson Prentice Hall, Thirteenth Edition Global Edition, 2016.
- 4. Joseph A. Edminister, Mahmood Nahri, "Electric circuits", Schaum's Series, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, Seventh Edition 2013.
- 5. S.N.Sivanandam "Electric Circuit Analysis", Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Limited, Second Edition, Reprint 2015.



20EC001	

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

This course will enable the students to gain knowledge on the characteristics and operation of the basic electronic devices such as PN junction diode, Bipolar junction transistors, Field effect Transistors, Power control devices and Display devices.

COURSE CONTENT:

Properties of Semiconductor Materials

Energy band structure of Conductors, Semiconductors, Insulators – Carrier concentration in an intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors - Mass-Action Law- N type and P Type - Mobility and Conductivity – Charge densities in the semiconductor-Carrier Generation and Recombination - Drift and diffusion currents

PN Junction diodes

PN junction diode – Forward and Reverse bias characteristics – Diode Current equations – Diffusion and drift current densities –Transition or Space charge Capacitances- Diffusion Capacitances – Effect of temperature on PN junction diode – Diode Switching characteristics – Rectifiers- Zener diode – VI characteristics – Zener diode as voltage Regulator- Varactor diode.

Bipolar Junction Transistor

Structure and working of bipolar junction transistor – input and output characteristics of CB, CC and CE configurations – Comparison of CB,CE and CC Configuration, h parameter model – Hybrid- π model — Transistor as a switch – DC and AC load line – operating point – various biasing methods for BJT – Thermal stability.

Field-Effect Transistor

Types of FET - Comparison of FET and BJT - Operation of JFET - Drain and Transfer Characteristics of JFET – FET as a Voltage Variable resistor – JFET parameters -MOSFET - principle of operation -Enhancement and Depletion mode MOSFET – Characteristics of MOSFET.

Special Semiconductor devices

Schottky diode -Tunnel diode- Construction, working and characteristics – SCR- Construction, Two transistor equivalent circuit, Characteristics, Applications- DIAC and TRIAC -Construction, working and characteristics – UJT – Operation, Equivalent Circuit and Applications - Fundamentals of light – LDR, LED – LASER - LCD – Photodiode -Photo transistor – Opto Coupler – Solar cell – CCD – CMOS Sensor.
COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the Course, the students will have the

WISDOM

- **CO1:** Ability to understand the properties of semiconductor materials.
- **CO2:** Ability to interpret the characteristics of PN junction diodes, BJTs and FETs.
- CO3: Ability to understand the operation and characteristics of Special Semiconductor devices
- CO4: Ability to make use of semiconductor devices and transistors in simple electronic circuits

REFERENCES:

- 1. Robert Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, "Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory", Pearson Prentice Hall, 11th Edition, 2012.
- Thomas L Floyd, "Electronic Devices ", Pearson New International Edition, 10th Edition, 2017.
- 3. Jacob. Millman, Christos C. Halkias, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Limited, New Delhi, 4th Edition, 2015.
- 4. Donald .A. Neamen, "Electronic Circuit Analysis and Design", Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 2015.
- 5. David A. Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2012.

COIMBATORE - 10

PROSPER

20MEG01

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The objectives of this course are to impart knowledge to interpret engineering drawings and to enable the students to communicate the concepts, ideas, and basic designs through graphical representations as per related engineering conventions and standards.

COURSE CONTENT:

Curve Constructions and Orthographic Projection

Lettering – Types of lines – Dimensioning – Conics- Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method-Construction of cycloid- Construction of involutes of square and circle- Drawing of tangents and normal to these curves. Principles of Orthographic projection – Layout of views Orthographic projection of simple Engineering components using first angle Projection. Drawing of multiple views from pictorial views of objects

Projection of Points, Lines and Plane Surfaces

Projection of points – Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes – Determination of true lengths and true inclinations by rotating line method and trapezoidal method and traces – Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method

Projection of Solids

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes by rotating object method and auxiliary plane method.

Projection of Sectioned Solids and Development of Surfaces

Sectioning of above solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to the one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other – obtaining true shape of section. Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids – Prisms, pyramids, cylinder and cone. Development of lateral surfaces of solids with cut-outs and holes.

Isometric and Perspective Projections

Principles of isometric projection – isometric scale – isometric projections of simple solids and truncated solids – Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones – Perspective projection of simple solids prisms, pyramids and cylinder by visual ray method and vanishing point method.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Ability to interpret and construct geometric entities, orthographic projection of

engineering components

- CO2: Ability to construct orthographic views of points and straight lines
- CO3: Ability to apply orthographic principles to construct views of planes and solids
- **CO4:** Ability to build orthographic projection of section of solids and develop the lateral surfaces of solids
- **CO5:** Ability to develop isometric and perspective projections of solids

REFERENCES:

- Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 53rd Edition, 2014.
- 2. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Publications, Bangalore, 2017.
- 3. Jolhe, D. A., Engineering drawing, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.

WISDOM

- 4. Shah, M. B. and Rana, B. C., Engineering Drawing, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 5. K.V. Natarajan, A text book of Engineering Graphics, Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, 2016.
- 6. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2018.
- 7. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff, John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2015.
- 8. Sekkilar.S.M., "Engineering Graphics" Alpha Science International Ltd, 2018.

COIMBATORE - 10

PROSPERI

20CHG02

L	Т	Р	С
0	0	3	1.5

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The objective of the course is to enable the students to gain exposure in various experimental skills based on corrosion studies, waste water treatment, electrochemistry, battery and fuel cells that are essential for engineering applications. Further, the students are exposed to various tools and instruments like conductivity meter, potentiometer, pH meter, colorimeter, spectrophotometer and flame photometer to demonstrate their practical applications.

COURSE CONTENT:

List of Experiments

- 1. Estimation of acidity of industrial effluent by conductometric titration.
- 2. Determination of corrosion rate by weight loss method.
- 3. Determination of water of crystallization of CuSO₄.5H₂O
- 4. Estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method.
- 5. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
- 6. Determination of molecular weight of polyvinyl alcohol using Ostwald Viscometer.
- 7. Determination of strength of Hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
- 8. Determination of Alkalinity in the given water sample.
- 9. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
- 10. Conductometric precipitation titration using Barium chloride and Sodium Sulphate
- 11. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture using conductivity meter.
- 12. Determination of Chloride content in the given water sample by Argentometric method.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to apply analytical techniques for the quality assessment of domestic and industrial waste water.
- **CO2:** Ability to apply experimental chemistry for the investigation of corrosion related problems in industrial field.
- **CO3:** Ability to measure the molecular weight of polymeric materials so as to use them for various engineering applications.
- **CO4:** Ability to estimate the amount of metal ions present in unknown substances using titrimetric and instrumental methods.

REFERENCES:

1. Beran J.A, "Laboratory Manual for Principles of General Chemistry", Wiley publications, 10th Edition, 2014.

- 2. Manoj Kumar Solanki, "Engineering Chemistry Laboratory Manual", Educreation publishing, 2019.
- 3. Jeffery G. H, and Basset J., "Vogel's text book of quantitative chemical analysis", Prentice Hall, 5th Edition, 2012.



2005002	DDOCDAMMINC IN C LADODATODY	L	Т	Р	C
2003602	FROGRAMMING IN C++ LABORATORY	0	0	4	2

This course provides a practical experience on the concepts of Object Oriented Programming using C++ programming language.

COURSE CONTENT:

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Programs using Objects and Classes
- 2. Programs using Constructors and Destructors
- 3. Programs using friend function & friend class.
- 4. Programs using Function Overloading
- 5. Programs to overload unary & binary operators as member function & non-member function
- 6. Programs using types of inheritance
- 7. Programs using virtual functions
- 8. Programs using Function and class templates
- 9. Programs using Files and Streams
- 10. Programs using Exception handling

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to apply the concept related to Classes and Objects in simple programs
- **CO2:** Ability to apply the concepts of polymorphism to achieve enhanced functionalities of functions and operator.
- **CO3:** Ability to deploy inheritance in simple C++ programs
- CO4: Ability to design simple applications that support File Processing
- CO5: Ability to develop programs that are capable of handling Exceptions

- 1. Herbert Schildt, "C++ The Complete Reference", 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
- 2. Bjarne Stroustrup, "The C++ Programming Language", 4th Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2013.
- 3. Deitel and Deitel, "C++ How to Program", 10th Edition, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited, 2018.
- 4. Robert Lafore, "Object Oriented Programming in C++", 4th Edition, Pearson India, 2002.
- 5. Stanley B. Lippman and Josee Lajoie, "C++ Primer", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2013.
- 6. E.Balagurusamy, "Object Oriented Programming with C++", 6th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013.

20AC001

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	0

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To understand the basic knowledge about environment and their chemistry, to apply the knowledge in environmental pollution control and management, to create awareness about various technologies to control/ reduce all environmental related problems.

COURSE CONTENT:

Fundamentals of Environmental Science

Introduction- Definition-environment, Environmental science, Environmental engineering-Components of environment - Atmosphere, lithosphere, hydrosphere and biosphere - types of environment – Natural – man – made - Environmental education- objectives, importance and scope - Need for public awareness.

Chemistry of the Environment

Hydrological cycle- concept of DO, BOD and COD - chemical and photochemical reactions in the atmosphere - ozone chemistry - formation and depletion of ozone layer - acid rain mechanism of formation and effects - Photochemical smog and sulfurous smog. Greenhouse effect, global warming- causes, effects and control measures.

Renewable energy and environment

Introduction - Renewable and non - renewable energy sources - Principles of generation of hydro - power, tidal energy, ocean thermal energy conversion, wind power - wind mill - wind farm geothermal energy and solar energy (solar collectors, photovoltaic modules, solar ponds) -Bioenergy: methods to produce energy from biomass - impact of renewable and non - renewable energy sources on the environment.

Environmental Pollution and control

Introduction - Air pollution – sources - major air pollutants – effects and control - Air Pollution control technologies - cyclone separator and electrostatic precipitator –water pollution – sources - major water pollutants - effects and control of water pollution - waste water treatment - Noise pollution –sources- effects and control- Solid waste management – sources, classification, causes and effects -management and control measures of solid wastes - Hazardous waste management - role of an individual in prevention of pollution.

Human population and the Environment

Population growth - variation among nations - Population explosion – Family Welfare Programme -Environment and human health - Human Rights - Value Education - HIV/AIDS -Women and Child Welfare - Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to understand the basic knowledge about environment and their chemistry.
- **CO2:** Ability to select suitable renewable resources for domestic and industrial applications to meet the growing energy demand.
- CO3: Ability to apply the knowledge in environmental pollution control and management.

REFERENCES:

- 1. George Tchobanoglous, Howard S. Peavy, Donald R. Rowe., "Environmental Engineering", McGraw Hill Education, 1st Edition, 2013.
- 2. Henry J.G. and Heinke G.W., "Environmental Science and Engineering", Prentice Hall, 2nd Edition, 2007.
- 3. Masters G.B., "Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science", Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2008.
- 4. Tyler Miller G., "Environmental Science", Cengage Learning, 11th Edition, 2015.
- Smriti Srivastava., "Energy Environment & Ecology", S.K.Kataria & Sons, 2nd Edition, 2013.

DISCIPLINE PROSPERITY COIMBATORE - 10

THIRD SEMESTER SYLLABUS

COIMBATORE - 10

WISDOM

PROSPERIT

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

- To impart knowledge on principles of operation and performance of various electrical machines
- To introduce the concepts of special electrical machines

COURSE CONTENT:

DC Generators:

Construction and working principle of DC generator, EMF and Torque equation- Voltage build up process, critical resistance and critical speed, Characteristics, Types–Shunt, Series and Compound-Applications

DC Motors:

Principle of D. C. motor, Type of motors, Torque equation, Characteristics, Armature reaction and commutation, Starting of D.C. motors, Applications.

Single Phase Transformers:

Construction and principle of single phase transformer, operation at no load and on load, equivalent circuit, losses, efficiency and regulation, all – day efficiency

Induction Machines:

Three-phase induction motors- Principle of operation, construction, emf equation, torque-speed characteristics, starting & speed control, Single phase induction motors- starting, Applications.

Special Machines:

Construction and operation of Stepper Motors – Brushless DC Motors-Switched Reluctance Motors-Applications

List of Experiments

COIMBATORE - 10

- 1. Load test and OCC on DC Shunt Generator.
- 2. Load test on DC shunt Motor
- 3. Load test on Single Phase Transformer.
- 4. Speed Control of Three phase slip ring Induction motor
- 5. Load test on Three Phase Squirrel cage Induction Motor.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

CO1: Ability to understand the operation of DC machines, transformers, induction and special machines

- **CO2:** Ability to identify the suitable electrical machine for various applications
- **CO3:** Ability to analyze the characteristics of various electrical machines theoretically and practically
- **CO4:** Ability to apply the principle of Electric Machines and special machines to engineering problems

- 1. Nagrath I. J and Kothari D. P, "Electric Machines", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, Fourth Edition, 2010.
- 2. A.K. Sawhney, "A Course in Electrical and Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation", Dhanpat Rai and Co, 2015
- 3. H.S.Kalsi, "Electronic Instrumentation", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2004.
- 4. J.B.Gupta, "Measurements and Instrumentation", S.K.Kataria and Sons, 2003.
- 5. Fitzgerald. A.E., Charles Kingsely Jr, Stephen D.Umans, "Electric Machinery", Tata McGraw Hill Books Company, Sixth edition, 2003.



L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

This course will enable the students to gain knowledge on the concepts of BJT and FET amplifiers, small and large signal analysis of amplifiers, design and analysis of feedback amplifiers, oscillators, wave shaping and multivibrator circuits.

COURSE CONTENT:

BJT and FET Amplifiers

Small signal analysis of common emitter, common collector and common base amplifiers – Differential amplifiers – CMRR – Darlington Amplifier – Bootstrap technique. Small signal analysis of FET amplifier. Introduction to large signal Amplifiers – Class A, Class B and Class C Power Amplifiers.

Frequency response of Amplifiers

Low frequency response of transistor amplifier – Effect of coupling capacitor on low frequency response analysis of CE, MOSFET CS amplifier and single stage amplifier – Short circuit current gain, cut off frequency – f α f β , Unity Gain Bandwidth– frequency response of multistage amplifiers.

Feedback Amplifiers

Properties of negative feedback – Basic Feedback Topologies – Feedback amplifiers – Series-Shunt, Series-Series, Shunt-Shunt and Shunt-Series Feedback – Determining the Loop Gain – Stability Problem – Nyquist Plot – Effect of feedback on amplifier poles – Frequency Compensation.

Oscillators

Classification, Barkhausen Criterion – Mechanism for start of oscillation and stabilization of amplitude, General form of an Oscillator, Analysis of LC oscillators – Hartley, Colpitts, Clapp, Franklin, Armstrong, Tuned collector oscillators, RC oscillators – phase shift – Wienbridge – Twin-T Oscillators, Quartz Crystal oscillator frequency stability of oscillators.

Wave Shaping and Multivibrator Circuits

RC & RL Integrator and Differentiator circuits – Storage, Delay and Calculation of Transistor Switching Times – Speed-up Capacitor – Diode clippers and Clampers. Collector coupled and Emitter coupled Astable multivibrator – Monostable multivibrator – Bistable multivibrator – Triggering methods for Bistable multivibrator – Schmitt trigger circuit.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

WISDOM

- **CO1:** Ability to understand the concepts of amplifiers, oscillators and wave shaping circuits.
- **CO2:** Ability to apply the small and large signal models to analyze the BJT amplifiers.
- **CO3:** Ability to analyze the gain in feedback amplifiers and frequency of oscillation in oscillators.
- **CO4:** Ability to design current and voltage feedback amplifiers, LC & RC oscillators, wave shaping and multivibrator circuits for the given specifications.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Robert Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, "Electron Devices and Circuit Theory",11th Edition, Pearson, 2017.
- Jacob. Millman, Christos C.Halkias, "Electronic Devices and Circuits",4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Limited, New Delhi, 2015.
- 3. Sedra and Smith, "Micro Electronic Circuits"; 6th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 4. David A.Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", 5th Edition, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2012.
- 5. S. Salivahanan and N. Suresh Kumar "Electronic Devices & Circuits", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Limited, New Delhi, 2017.

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COIMBATORE - 10

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L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

This course will enable the students to learn the fundamentals of Boolean algebra, implementation of combinational logic circuits using logic gates, analysis of sequential logic circuits using flipflops and basics of programmable logic devices.

COURSE CONTENT:

Digital Fundamentals

Number Systems – Decimal, Binary, Octal, Hexadecimal, 1_s and 2_s complements, Codes – Binary, BCD, Excess 3, Gray, Alphanumeric codes, Boolean theorems, Logic gates, Universal gates, Sum of products and product of sums, Minterms and Maxterms, Karnaugh map Minimization and Quine-McCluskey method of minimization.

Combinational Logic

Design of Half and Full Adders, Half and Full Subtractors, Binary Parallel Adder – Carry look ahead Adder, BCD Adder, Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, Magnitude Comparator, Decoder, Encoder, Priority Encoder.

Synchronous Sequential Circuits

Latches- Flip flops – SR, JK, T, D, Master/Slave FF – operation and excitation tables, Triggering of FF, Analysis and design of clocked sequential circuits – Design - Moore/Mealy models, state minimization and state assignment– Design of Counters- Ripple Counters, Ring Counter, Johnson Counter, Shift registers, Universal Shift Register.

Asynchronous Sequential Circuits

Stable and Unstable states, output specifications, cycles and races, state reduction, race free assignments, Hazards, Essential Hazards, Pulse mode sequential circuits, Design of Hazard free circuits.

Memory and Programmable Logic

Basic memory structure – ROM -PROM – EPROM – EEPROM –EAPROM, RAM – Static and dynamic RAM - Programmable Logic Devices – Programmable Logic Array (PLA) - CPLD

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

CO1: Ability to understand the concepts of Combinational logic circuits, Sequential logic circuits and Programmable logic devices.

- **CO2:** Ability to develop the circuits of combinational and sequential logic for the given specifications.
- **CO3:** Ability to develop combinational logic circuits using programmable logic devices.
- **CO4:** Ability to analyze the performance of synchronous and asynchronous sequential logic circuits.

- 1. Morris Mano M. and Michael D. Ciletti, "Digital Design", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
- 2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino, Goutam Saha, "Digital Principles and Applications", McGraw-Hill Education, Eighth Edition, 2014
- 3. John F. Wakerly, "Digital Design Principles and Practices", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
- Charles H. Roth, Larry L Kinney, "Fundamentals of Logic Design", 7th Edition CL Engineering, 2019.
- 5. Donald D. Givone, "Digital Principles and Design", Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.



20EC004

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to learn the fundamental concepts in electric and magnetic fields, static electric and magnetic fields, capacitance and inductance of different geometry, Maxwell's equation, Poynting vector, Wave propagation in different mediums, normal and oblique incidence.

COURSE CONTENT:

Static Electric Field

Coordinate Systems, vector algebra, gradient, divergence, curl, Coulombs law, Electric field intensity for point, line, surface and volume charge distributions, Electric flux density, Gauss law and its applications, Gauss divergence theorem, Absolute electric potential and potential difference, electric dipole, electrostatic energy and energy density.

Steady Magnetic Field

Biot-Savart Law, Magnetic field intensity for straight and circular conductors, Ampere's circuital law, point form of Ampere's circuital law, Stokes theorem, magnetic flux and magnetic flux density, scalar and vector Magnetic potentials, Force and torque on a closed circuit.

Electric and Magnetic Materials

Current and current density, continuity equation, resistance of a conductor, Capacitance, Polarization, Parallel plate, Coaxial and Spherical capacitances, Method of images, nature of magnetic materials, magnetization and permeability, self and mutual inductances, inductance evaluation for solenoid, toroid, coaxial cables and transmission lines, energy stored in magnetic fields, boundary conditions.

Electromagnetic Waves

Maxwell's equations in point and integral forms, Propagation of plane EM wave in free space, lossy dielectric, perfect dielectric and good conductor, impedance of conducting medium, skin depth, Poynting vector and Poynting Theorem.

Wave Reflection

Plane wave in arbitrary direction, plane wave at dielectric interface, reflection and refraction from dielectric interface, total internal reflection, wave polarization at media interface, Brewster angle, Electromagnetic waves at conducting boundaries.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

WISDOM

- **CO1:** Ability to understand the concepts of electric and magnetic fields under static and time varying conditions.
- **CO2:** Ability to apply Gauss law and Ampere's law to determine electric and magnetic fields respectively for elements of different geometry.
- **CO3:** Ability to determine capacitance and inductance for various geometry.
- **CO4:** Ability to analyze Maxwell's equations and Poynting vector and also determine EM wave parameters for the different media.

REFERENCES:

- 1. William H Hayt and John A Buck, "Engineering Electromagnetics", 9th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2020.
- 2. Mathew N.O. Sadiku, "Principles of Electromagnetics", 6th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2015.
- Jordan E.C, "Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems", 2nd Edition Prentice Hall of India, 2015.
- David K Cheng, "Field and Wave Electromagnetics", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
- Aziz Inan, "Engineering Electromagnetics and Waves", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2019.

PROSPE

COIMBATORE - 10

	ANALOC ELECTRONICS LADODATORY	L	Т	Р	С
20EC005	ANALOG ELECTRONICS LABORATORT	0	0	3	1.5

This course will enable the students to construct and verify the characteristics of bipolar junction transistors (BJT) in common emitter configuration and also to design and implement electronic circuits such as amplifiers, wave shaping circuits and oscillators using BJT.

COURSE CONTENT:

List of Experiments

- 1. Input-Output characteristics of BJT CE Configuration.
- 2. Frequency Response of CE Amplifier with different biases.
- 3. Design of Differential Amplifier using BJT.
- 4. Design of Darlington Amplifier using BJT.
- 5. Design of Class B Complementary Symmetry Power Amplifier.
- 6. Square wave generator using BJT multivibrators.
- 7. Design and testing of Clippers.
- 8. Simulation of MOSFET Common Source Amplifier.
- 9. Simulation of Clampers.
- 10. Simulation of RC phase shift and Colpitt's Oscillators using BJT.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

- CO1: Ability to analyze the characteristics of BJT in Common Emitter configuration.
- CO2: Ability to analyze the frequency response of BJT and MOS amplifiers.
- **CO3:** Ability to analyze the performance of multistage amplifiers, power amplifiers and clippers.
- **CO4:** Ability to build and analyse amplifiers, clampers and oscillators through simulation.

- 1. Robert Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, "Electron Devices and Circuit Theory",11th Edition, Pearson, 2017.
- 2. Jacob. Millman, Christos C.Halkias, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Limited, New Delhi, 2015.
- 3. Sedra and Smith, "Micro Electronic Circuits"; 6th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2011.

- 4. David A.Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", 5th Edition, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2012.
- 5. S. Salivahanan and N. Suresh Kumar "Electronic Devices & Circuits", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Limited, New Delhi, 2017.



2015/2006	DIGITAL ELECTRONICS LABORATORY	L	Т	Р	С
20EC000		0	0	3	1.5

The course will enable the students to construct and experiment the working of logic gates, flipflops, combinational logic circuits, sequential logic circuits and also to analyze the operation of circuits using spice simulation.

COURSE CONTENT:

- 1. Verifications of logic gates and implementation of Boolean expressions using logic gates.
- 2. Design and Implementation of arithmetic circuits using logic gates
- 3. Design and implementation of Code Converters using Logic Gates.
- 4. (i) BCD to excess-3 code and vice versa (ii) Binary to gray and vice-versa
- 5. Design and implementation of Multiplexers and De-multiplexers using logic gates.
- 6. Design and implementation parity generator/ checker using logic gates.
- 7. Construction and verification of D&T flip-flops.
- 8. Design and implementation of Shift registers.
- 9. Design and Implementation of 3 Bit Synchronous Up/Down Counter.
- 10. Construction and verification of 4-bit ripple counter and Mod 10/Mod 12 Ripple Counter.
- 11. Simulation of Boolean expressions with logic gates using HDL.
- 12. Simulation of Encoder and Decoder using HDL.
- 13. Simulation of Shift Registers with D-Flipflop using HDL.
- 14. Simulation of Synchronous Up/Down Counter using HDL.
- 15. Simulation of Ripple Counter using HDL.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

PROSPERITY **CO1:** Ability to demonstrate the working of logic gates and flipflops.

- CO2: Ability to analyze the operation of Combinational and Sequential circuits through simulation using HDL.
- CO3: Ability to design, construct and test the working of Combinational logic circuits using logic gates.
- CO4: Ability to design, construct and test the working of Sequential logic circuits using flipflops.

- 1. Morris Mano M. and Michael D. Ciletti, "Digital Design", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
- 2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino, Goutam Saha, "Digital Principles and Applications", McGraw-Hill Education, Eighth Edition, 2014

- 3. John F. Wakerly, "Digital Design Principles and Practices", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
- 4. Charles H. Roth, Larry L Kinney, "Fundamentals of Logic Design", 7th Edition CL Engineering, 2019.
- 5. Jayaram Bhaskar, "A VHDL Primer", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.



FOURTH SEMESTER SYLLABUS

COIMBATORE - 10

WISDOM

PROSPERIT

Page 58 of 167

20EC007

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course will enable the students to learn the characteristics and theory of operational amplifier IC 741, applications of opamp, operation of analog multipliers, PLL, ADC, DAC, waveform generators and few special function ICs.

COURSE CONTENT:

Basics of Operational Amplifiers

Operational Amplifier: Fundamental block diagram - Symbol - Characteristics of an Ideal Operational Amplifier - Circuit schematic of μ A741- Operational Amplifier Characteristics: DC and AC performance characteristics - Open loop gain - CMRR - Slew rate and transfer Characteristics - Input bias and Output offset voltages - Offset compensation techniques - Frequency response characteristics - Stability - Limitations - Frequency compensation.

Applications of Operational Amplifiers

Sign Changer, Scale Changer, Phase Shift Circuits, Voltage Follower, V-to-I and I-to-V converters, Adder, Subtractor, Instrumentation amplifier, Integrator, Differentiator, Logarithmic amplifier, Antilogarithmic amplifier, Comparators, Schmitt trigger, Precision rectifier, peak detector, clipper and clamper.

Analog Multiplier and PLL

Analog Multiplier using Emitter Coupled Transistor Pair – Gilbert Multiplier cell –Analog multiplier ICs and their applications, Operation of the basic PLL, Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO), Monolithic PLL IC 565 – basic block diagram and operation, capture range and lock range, applications of PLL IC 565.

Analog to Digital and Digital to Analog Converters

Analog and Digital Data Conversions, D/A converter – specifications – weighted resistor type, R-2R Ladder type, Voltage Mode and Current Mode types – switches for DAC, sample and hold circuits, A/D Converters – specifications – Flash, Successive Approximation, Single Slope, Dual Slope.

Waveform Generators and Special Function ICs

Sine-wave generators, Multivibrators and Triangular wave generator, Saw-tooth wave generator, Timer IC 555 – functional diagram, Monostable and Astable operation, applications, IC Voltage regulators – Three terminal fixed and adjustable voltage regulators – IC 723 general purpose regulator.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

NISDOM

- CO1: Ability to understand the basic concepts of op-amp, analog multipliers, A/D and D/A converters, PLL, waveform generators and IC voltage regulator
- **CO2:** Ability to develop circuits using opamp in linear and nonlinear applications.
- CO3: Ability to develop waveform generation circuits using opamp and 555 Timer IC for the given specifications.
- CO4: Ability to analyze the performance of opamp, analog multipliers, PLL, ADC and DAC.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Roy Choudary D. and Shail B. Jain, "Linear Integrated circuits", 5th Edition, New Age International Publishers, 2018.
- 2. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, "Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits", 4th Edition, PHI, 2015.
- 3. Sergio Franco, "Design with Operational Amplifier and Analog Integrated Circuits", 4th Edition, TMH, 2016.
- 4. William D. Stanley, "Operational Amplifiers with Linear Integrated Circuits", 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 5. Gray and Meyer, "Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits", Wiley International, 5th Edition, 2009. PROSPERI

COIMBATORE - 10

20MHG05

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of random variables with emphasis on the standard discrete and continuous distributions.
- To understand the basic probability concepts with respect to two dimensional random variables along with the relationship between the random variables and the significance of the Central Limit theorem.
- To learn the classifications of random processes with emphasis on stationarity of various orders along with strict sense stationarity, wide-sense stationarity and ergodicity.
- To understand the concepts of correlation functions and power spectral density and their properties.
- To be able to apply the knowledge gained so far with respect to linear systems with random inputs.

COURSE CONTENT:

Probability and Statistical Distributions

Axioms of probability – Conditional probability – Baye's theorem – Discrete and continuous random variable – Moments – Moment generating functions – Binomial – Poisson – Uniform – Exponential – Normal distributions – Functions of a random variable.

Two-Dimensional Random Variables

Joint distributions – Marginal and conditional distributions – Covariance – Correlation and regression – Transformation of random variables – Central limit theorem (without proof) – Problems.

Random Processes

Classification – Stationary Processes – Markov process – Markov chain – Poisson process – Random telegraph process

Correlation and Spectral Densities

Auto correlation – Cross correlation – Properties – Power spectral density – Cross spectral density – Properties – Wiener-Khintchine relation – Relationship between cross power spectrum and cross correlation function.

Linear Systems with Random Inputs

Linear time invariant system – System transfer function – Linear systems with random inputs – Auto correlation and Cross correlation functions of input and output.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to

- **CO1:** Apply the concepts of random variables and probability distributions to solve problems in engineering field.
- **CO2:** Familiarize the concepts of two dimensional random variables and apply them in the field of engineering.
- **CO3:** Apply the concepts of random processes to solve practical engineering problems.
- **CO4:** Analyze and apply the properties of auto, cross correlation and system transfer function in engineering field.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Oliver C. Ibe "Fundamentals of Applied Probability and Random Processes", Elsevier, 2nd Edition, 2014.
- Peyton Z. Peebles, "Probability, Random Variables and Random Signal Principles", Tata Mc Graw- Hill, 4th Edition, 2017.

REFERENCES:

WISDOM

- 1. Yates. R.D. and Goodman. D.J., "Probability and Stochastic Processes", John Wiley & Sons, 3rd Edition, 2014.
- 2. Cooper. G.R., Mc Gillem. C.D., "Probabilistic Methods of Signal and System Analysis", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 3rdIndian Edition, 2012.
- 3. Veerarajan. T, "Probability, Statistics and Random Processes", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2013.

COIMBATORE - 10

20EC008	SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS	L	Т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3

The course will enable the students to gain knowledge about the various types of signals and systems, analysis of continuous and discrete time signals and analysis of Linear Time Invariant systems.

COURSE CONTENT:

Classification of Signals and Systems

Basic Continuous Time (CT) Signals, Basic Discrete Time (DT) Signals – Step, Ramp, Pulse, Impulse, Sinusoidal, Exponential, Unit Impulse and Unit Step Functions, Signal Classification – Periodic & Aperiodic signals, Deterministic & Random signals, Energy & Power signals – CT systems and DT systems – Classification of systems – Static & Dynamic, Linear & Nonlinear, Time-variant & Time-invariant, Causal & Non-causal, Stable & Unstable, Introduction to Linear Time invariant Systems.

Analysis of Continuous Time Signals

Fourier and Laplace Transforms in CT Signal Analysis – Properties, Region of Convergence (ROC) in LT, Relationship of LT with Fourier Transform, Spectrum of CT signals (Amplitude & phase spectra).

Linear Time Invariant (LTI) Continuous Time (CT) Systems

Differential Equation- Impulse response - convolution integrals- - Fourier and Laplace transforms in Analysis of CT systems.

Analysis of Discrete Time Signals

Introduction to Baseband Sampling – Fourier Transform of discrete time signals (DTFT) – Properties of DTFT - Z Transform & Properties, Region of Convergence (ROC) in LT.

Linear Time Invariant (LTI) Discrete Time (DT) Systems

Difference Equations-Impulse response - Convolution sum- Discrete Fourier and Z Transform in Analysis of DT systems.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

- **CO1:** Ability to understand the various types of signals and systems.
- **CO2:** Ability to analyze continuous time LTI systems using Fourier and Laplace Transform.
- **CO3:** Ability to analyze discrete time LTI systems using Z transform and Discrete Time Fourier Transform.

CO4: Ability to classify the signals and systems used in transmission applications and perform the analysis of the system.

- Alan V. Oppenheim, Alan S. Wilsky, S. Hamid Nawab, "Signals and Systems", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall India, 2015.
- 2. John G. Proakis, Dimitris G. Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing, Principles, Algorithms, and Applications", 4th Edition, PHI, 2014.
- 3. B.P. Lathi, "Signal Processing and Linear Systems", 3rd edition, Oxford University Press, Incorporated, 2017.
- 4. Hwei Hsu, "Signals and systems", Schaum's outlines, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Co Ltd, 2019.
- 5. M.J.Roberts, "Signals and Systems, Analysis Using Transform Methods and MATLAB", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill (India), 2019.



20EC009

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course will enable the students to learn about the transmission line parameters, characteristics of High Frequency Transmission lines, impedance matching techniques, Smith chart, and characteristics of waves between parallel plates and in waveguides.

COURSE CONTENT:

Transmission Lines Parameters

A line of cascaded T sections- General solution of transmission lines- Physical significance of the equations, infinite line, wavelength, velocity of propagation, distortion line- reflection on a line not terminated in Zo, reflection coefficient, open and short circuited lines, insertion loss, input impedance, transfer impedance.

The Line at Radio Frequency

Parameter of the open wire line and coaxial line at RF- Line constants for dissipation less line, voltages and currents on the dissipation less line, standing waves, input impedance of open and short circuited lines- power and impedance measurement on lines.

Line Impedance Matching Techniques and Smith Chart

 $\lambda/2$, $\lambda/4$, $\lambda/8$ line- Quarter Wave line impedance matching- single and double stub matching, Smith chart and its applications, problem solving using Smith chart, numerical tools.

Parallel Planes and Rectangular Waveguide

General solutions for TE and TM waves, Waves between parallel plates of perfect conductors-Velocities of wave propagation- Attenuation in parallel plate waveguide, Wave impedance of TE and TM waves in a parallel plate waveguide, Characteristics of TE and TM waves – Impossibility of TEM waves in rectangular waveguides, Dominant mode, Wave impedances of TE and TM waves, Characteristic impedance of a waveguide – Attenuation factor, Excitation of various modes.

Circular Waveguides and Cavity Resonators

Bessel functions, TE and TM modes in circular waveguides- wave impedances, dominant mode, excitation of mode- Microwave cavity resonators, rectangular and Circular cavity resonators- Q factor of a rectangular cavity resonator for the TE101 mode.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

CO1: Ability to understand the concepts of voltage and current in a Transmission line and electric and magnetic fields in a waveguide.

- **CO2:** Ability to analyze the characteristics of wave propagation between parallel plates and in waveguides.
- **CO3:** Ability to interpret the characteristics of transmission lines at radio frequency.
- CO4: Ability to solve problems using Smith Chart for impedance matching using stubs.

- Ryder J.D, "Networks, Lines and Fields", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2015.
- 2. Jordan E.C, "Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems", Prentice Hall of India, 2015.
- 3. B. Somanathan Nair, "Transmission Lines and Wave guides", Sanguine Technical Publishers, 2006.
- 4. G.S.N Raju, "Electromagnetic Field Theory and Transmission Lines", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2005.
- 5. W.H.Hayt, "Engineering Electromagnetics", 9th edition, McGraw Hill, 2020.



20EC010

MICROPROCESSOR AND MICROCONTROLLER

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course will enable the students to gain knowledge about the architecture, operation, addressing modes and instruction set of 8086 microprocessor and 8051 microcontroller, programming using 8086 and 8051, and I/O interfacing.

COURSE CONTENT:

8086 Processor Architecture

Introduction to microprocessors – 8086 Architecture – Programmable registers, address and data busses, memory interfacing, Pin diagram descriptions – signals, Minimum mode and Maximum mode.

8086 Programming

Instruction formats, addressing modes, Data transfer instructions, string instructions, logical instructions, arithmetic instructions, control transfer instructions, process control instructions – Assembler directives – Assembly Language programs for logical, arithmetic, delay and interrupt programming.

I/O Interfacing

Peripheral Interface using 8255 in I/O and BSR mode – 8279 Keyboard/Display controller – 8251 USART – Timer/Counter (8253) – ADCs and DACs –Programmable DMA Controller (8257) - Power and energy consumption of processor

8051 Microcontroller

Architecture of 8051 – Register set – I/O Pins, Ports and Circuits – Instruction set – Addressing modes – Assembly language programs for arithmetic and Logical operations.

Interfacing using 8051 Microcontroller BATORE - 10

Programming 8051Timers – Serial Port Programming – Interrupts Programming – LCD & Keyboard Interfacing – Stepper Motor Interfacing – Application of 8051 in power optimization – Case study of MSP430.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have to

- CO1: Ability to interpret the architectures of 8086 microprocessor and 8051 microcontroller.
- **CO2:** Ability to develop Assembly Language Programs (ALP) for arithmetic and Logical operations using 8086 Microprocessors.

- **CO3:** Ability to develop Assembly Language Programs (ALP) for arithmetic and Logical operations using 8051 microcontroller.
- **CO4:** Ability to illustrate the implementation of peripheral interfacing circuits using 8086 and 8051 Microcontroller.

- Doughlas V. Hall, "Microprocessors and Interfacing, Programming and Hardware",3rd Edition, TMH, 2017.
- 2. A.K. Ray, K. M. Bhurchandi, "Advanced Microprocessor and Peripherals",3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2017.
- 3. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems", Pearson Education, 2013.
- 4. Subrata Ghoshal, "8051 Microcontrollers: Internals, Instructions, Programming &Interfacing", 2nd Edition, Pearson education, 2014.
- 5. John Paul Shen, Mikko H. Lipasti "Modern Processor Design: Fundamentals of Superscalar Processor", Waveland Press, Inc., 2013.



20EC011

L	Т	Р	С
0	0	3	1.5

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course will enable the students to focus on analysis of operational amplifier and design, simulate and test active filters, multivibrators, comparators, data converters and voltage regulator circuits.

COURSE CONTENT:

List of Experiments

- 1. Design and testing of inverting, non-inverting amplifiers, adders and Subtractor using Opamp IC 741.
- 2. Design and testing of Voltage Comparator using LM339.
- 3. Design and testing of Integrator and Differentiator using Opamp IC 741.
- 4. Design and analysis of RC phase shift oscillator using Opamp IC 741.
- 5. Design and analysis of Waveform generators using Opamp IC 741.
- 6. Design and testing of multivibrators using 555 Timer IC.
- 7. Design and testing of voltage regulators using 723 IC.
- 8. Design and testing of Voltage to frequency converter using VCO-IC 566.
- 9. Design and testing of frequency multiplier using PLL-IC 565
- 10. Spice simulation of integrator, differentiator using Opamp IC 741.
- 11. Spice simulation of Active filters using Opamp IC 741.
- 12. Spice simulation of Monostable Multivibrators using Timer IC.
- 13. Spice simulation of D/A and A/D converters.
- 14. Spice simulation of LC Oscillators

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will have the

- CO1: Ability to test and analyze the characteristics of operational amplifier.
- CO2: Ability to test and analyze the voltage regulators, oscillator, waveform generators.

RE - 10

- **CO3:** Ability to design, simulate and test active filters, multivibrators, data converters.
- **CO4:** Ability to test and analyze special purpose integrated circuits.

- 1. Roy Choudary D. and Shail B. Jain, "Linear Integrated circuits", 5th Edition, New Age International Publishers, 2018.
- 2. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, "Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits", 4th Edition, PHI, 2015.
- 3. Sergio Franco, "Design with Operational Amplifier and Analog Integrated Circuits", 4th Edition, TMH, 2016.
- 4. William D. Stanley, "Operational Amplifiers with Linear Integrated Circuits", 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 5. Gray and Meyer, "Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits", Wiley International, 5th Edition, 2009.



20EC012	MICROPROCESSOR & MICROCONTROLLER		Т	Р	С
	LABORATORY	0	0	3	1.5

The course will enable the students to acquire practical skills in assembly level programming by conducting experiments using 8086 microprocessor & 8051 Microcontroller and also interfacing with peripheral devices.

COURSE CONTENT:

List of Experiments (using 8086 Microprocessor, 8051 Microcontroller and MASM):

- 1. Basic arithmetic and Logical operations
- 2. Move a data block without overlap
- 3. Code conversion
- 4. Floating point operations, sorting and searching
- 5. Counters and Time Delay
- 6. Traffic light controller
- 7. Stepper motor control
- 8. Key board and Display
- 9. Assembly Language Programs using Macros and procedures
- 10. A/D and D/A interface and Waveform Generation

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

- CO1: Ability to write Assembly Language Programs using 8086 microprocessor and 8051 microcontroller.
- CO2: Ability to demonstrate the interfacing of I/O devices using 8086 microprocessor.
- CO3: Ability to demonstrate the generation of waveforms using 8086 microprocessor.
- **CO4:** Ability to develop real time applications using 8086 microprocessor and 8051 microcontroller.

- 1. Doughlas V. Hall, "Microprocessors and Interfacing, Programming and Hardware", 3rd edition, TMH, 2017.
- 2. A.K. Ray, K. M. Bhurchandi, "Advanced Microprocessor and Peripherals", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2017.

- 3. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems", Pearson Education, 2013.
- 4. Subrata Ghoshal, "8051 Microcontrollers: Internals, Instructions, Programming &Interfacing", 2nd Edition, Pearson education, 2014.
- 5. John Paul Shen, Mikko H. Lipasti "Modern Processor Design: Fundamentals of Superscalar Processor", Waveland Press, Inc., 2013.


FIFTH SEMESTER SYLLABUS

COIMBATORE - 10

WISDOM

PROSPERIT

20HMG05	PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE AND		Т	Р	С
	ETHICS	3	0	0	3

This course will enable the students to understand Engineering Ethics and Human values, Moral and Social Values, Loyalty and the rights of others.

COURSE CONTENT:

Human Values

Morals, values and Ethics – Integrity – Work ethic – Service learning – Civic virtue – Respect for others – Living peacefully – Caring – Sharing – Honesty – Courage – Valuing time – Cooperation –Commitment – Empathy – Self-confidence – Character – Spirituality – Introduction to Yoga and meditation for professional excellence and stress management.

Engineering Ethics

Senses of Engineering Ethics– Variety of moral issues – Types of inquiry – Moral dilemmas – Moral Autonomy – Kohlberg's theory – Gilligan's theory – Consensus and Controversy – Models of professional roles - Theories about right action – Self-interest – Customs and Religion – Uses of Ethical Theories.

Engineering as Social Experimentation

Engineering as Experimentation – Engineers as responsible Experimenters – Codes of Ethics –A Balanced Outlook on Law.

Safety, Responsibilities and Rights

Safety and Risk – Assessment of Safety and Risk – Risk Benefit Analysis and Reducing Risk -Respect for Authority – Collective Bargaining – Confidentiality – Conflicts of Interest – Occupational Crime – Professional Rights – Employee Rights – Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) – Discrimination.

Global Issues

COIMBATORE - 10

Multinational Corporations – Environmental Ethics – Computer Ethics – Weapons Development –Engineers as Managers – Consulting Engineers – Engineers as Expert Witnesses and Advisors –Moral Leadership –Code of Conduct – Corporate Social Responsibility.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the Course, the students will have the

WISDOM

- **CO1:** Ability to remember ethical principles, theories and human values.
- CO2: Ability to understand social experimentation, safety, responsibilities and rights in the Society.
- **CO3:** Ability to understand the global issues with knowledge on Environmental and computer ethics.
- **CO4:** Ability to apply the principles of Social experimentation in Engineering.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger, "Ethics in Engineering", Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
- 2. Govindarajan M, Natarajan S, Senthil Kumar V. S, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. Charles B. Fleddermann, "Engineering Ethics", Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2004.
- 4. Charles E. Harris, Michael S. Pritchard and Michael J. Rabins, "Engineering Ethics Concepts and Cases", Cengage Learning, 2009
- 5. John R Boatright, "Ethics and the Conduct of Business", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003.

COIMBATORE - 10

PROSPERI

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

This course will enable the students to learn about discrete-time convolution, difference equations, Discrete Fourier transform and Fast Fourier transform, digital network structures for implementation of both recursive and non-recursive digital filters, Finite word length effects in digital filters and the concepts of Multirate Signal Processing.

COURSE CONTENT:

Discrete Fourier Transform

DFT– Properties of DFT- Circular Convolution - Efficient computation of DFT– FFT Algorithms-Radix 2 DIT–FFT and DIF–FFT, use of DFT in linear filtering.

Design of Infinite Duration Impulse Response Filters

Analog filters–Butterworth and Chebyshev Type I–Transformation of analog filters into digital filters using approximation of derivatives, Impulse invariant method and Bilinear transformation method–preparing–Realization structures for IIR filters–direct, cascade and parallel forms.

Design of Finite Duration Impulse Response Filters

Windowing techniques for design of linear phase FIR filters: Rectangular, Hamming, Hanning – FIR filter design using Frequency sampling method–Comparison of FIR and IIR filters.

Finite Word Length Effects

Quantization noise – quantization noise power – Fixed point and floating point number representations – Comparison – truncation and rounding errors – quantization error – coefficient quantization error-product quantization error – limit cycle oscillations – dead band – overflow error.

Multirate Signal Processing

Introduction to Multirate signal processing: Decimation, Interpolation, Sampling rate conversion by a rational factor. Applications of Multirate signal processing.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

CO1: Ability to understand the concepts of Discrete Fourier Transform and multirate signal

Processing.

- **CO2:** Ability to apply the concepts of Multirate Signal Processing in various signal processing applications.
- CO3: Ability to analyze the finite Word length effect on filters
- **CO4:** Ability to design infinite and finite duration impulse response filters for signal processing applications

- 1. John G Proakis and Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing Principles, Algorithms and Applications", 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2014.
- 2. A.V.Oppenheim, R.W. Schafer and J.R. Buck, "Discrete-Time Signal Processing", 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall India, 2015.
- Mitra S.K. "Digital Signal Processing A Computer based approach", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015.
- 4. P.Ramesh Babu, "Principles of Digital Signal Processing", Scitech Publications, 6th Edition, 2017.
- 5. R.S.Kelar, M. Kulkarni and Umesh Gupta "Digital Signal Processing", Wiley Publications, 2019.

PROSPERI WISDOM COIMBATORE - 10

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

This course will enable the students to understand the concepts of analog modulation/demodulation, noise theory, noise in continuous wave modulation systems, sampling and pulse modulation techniques.

COURSE CONTENT:

Amplitude Modulation

Basic blocks of Communication System – Need for Modulation – Amplitude Modulation – Time and Frequency domain description, power relations in AM waves– Methods of generation and detection of AM, DSB-SC, SSB-SC and VSB-SC signals – Comparison of AM systems – FDM – AM Broadcast transmitter – Superheterodyne Receiver and its characteristics.

Angle Modulation

Frequency and Phase modulation – Single tone, narrow band and wideband FM – Transmission Bandwidth – Generation and detection of FM signal – FM Radio Receiver.

Noise Theory

Noise sources and types – Noise figure and noise temperature – Noise equivalent bandwidth – Friis formula –Noise in cascaded systems- Narrow Band Noise and its representations.

Noise in CW modulation systems

Introduction – Receiver model – Noise in AM receivers, Noise in DSB-SC receivers, Noise in SSB receivers – Threshold effect – Noise in FM receivers – FM threshold effect – Capture effect – Pre-emphasis and De-emphasis in FM.

Sampling and Pulse Modulation Techniques

Low pass sampling theorem – Aliasing-Types of sampling- Signal Recovery through holding - Pulse Modulation techniques - PAM, PPM and PWM-Generation and detection.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to understand the principles of amplitude and frequency modulation techniques and noise theory
- **CO2:** Ability to understand the process of sampling and different pulse modulation schemes.
- **CO3:** Ability to apply the mathematical relationships to calculate the performance parameters in AM and FM systems.

CO4: Ability to analyse the performance of AM and FM receivers in the presence of channel noise.

- 1. Simon Haykin, "Communication Systems", John Wiley & sons, 5th Edition, 2011.
- 2. Herbert Taub & Donald L Schilling "Principles of Communication Systems",4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.
- 3. George Kennedy and Bernard Davis, "Electronic Communication Systems", 6th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.
- 4. J.G.Proakis, M.Salehi, "Communication Systems Engineering", 2nd edition, Pearson Education ,2015.
- 5. Wayne Tomasi, "Electronic Communications Systems: Fundamentals through Advanced Telecommunications Series", 6th Edition, Pearson, 2015.



L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

This course will enable the students to learn about the modeling of physical systems, transient and frequency response analysis of feedback systems using different techniques, analysis of the behavior of unity feedback systems and design of suitable controller/compensator to meet the desired specifications without sacrificing stability.

COURSE CONTENT:

Control System Modeling

Terminology and Basic structure of Control system-open loop and closed loop systems – Mathematical modelling of Mechanical and electrical systems– Block diagram reduction and Signal flow graph techniques.

Time Response Analysis

Transient and Steady state response of type 0 and type 1 first and second order systems – Impulse and step response - Steady state and dynamic error – P-PD-PI-PID controllers

Frequency Response Analysis

Frequency domain specifications –Frequency response of standard second order system– Polar plot – Bode plot – Assessment of relative stability – Closed loop frequency response from open loop response, Performance criteria – Lag/Lead compensator design using bode plots.

Stability Analysis

Necessary and sufficient conditions for BIBO stability – Absolute, Marginal and Relative stability – Routh stability criterion, Nyquist Stability Criterion, Root locus construction – Effect of pole-zero addition.

State Variable Analysis

COIMBATORE - 10

State space representation of Continuous Time systems – State equations – Transfer function from State Variable Representation – Solutions of the state equations – Concepts of Controllability and Observability – State space representation for Discrete time systems.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

CO1: Ability to understand modeling of physical systems along with their transfer function by different methods.

- **CO2:** Ability to apply the concepts of controller and compensator to meet the desired specifications for servo applications.
- **CO3:** Ability to analyse and test the time response of systems by parameter variation without sacrificing stability.
- **CO4:** Ability to analyse and test the frequency response of systems by parameter variation without sacrificing stability.

- 1. M. Gopal, "Control Systems, Principles and Design", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012.
- 2. Benjamin C. Kuo and Farid Golnaraghi," Automatic Control Systems", 9th Edition, Wiley, 2014.
- 3. J.Nagrath and M.Gopal, "Control System Engineering", 4th Edition New Age International Publishers, 2017.
- 4. Norman S. Nise, "Control System Engineering", 6th Edition, Wiley India, 2018.
- 5. K. Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", 5th Edition, PHI, 2015.

NISDOM DISCIPLINE PROSPERITY COIMBATORE - 10

L	Т	Р	С
0	0	3	1.5

This course will enable the students to acquire skills in MATLAB programming by writing MATLAB codes for the generation of sequences, Linear Convolution, Circular Convolution, FIR and IIR filter operations and to implement the programs using DSP processor.

COURSE CONTENT:

Experiments using MATLAB

- 1. Generation of signals.
- 2. Linear and Circular convolution of two sequences.
- 3. Calculation of FFT of a signal
- 4. Auto correlation and Cross Correlation
- 5. Design of FIR filters (LPF/HPF/BPF/BSF).
- 6. Design of Butterworth and Chebyshev IIR filters (LPF/HPF/BPF/BSF).
- 7. Decimation and Interpolation

Experiments using DSP Processor

8. Study of architecture of Digital Signal Processor, Waveform generation, Implementation of FIR filter

PROSPERI

- 9. Linear Convolution
- 10. Circular Convolution

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COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to understand the concepts of generating various types of signals.
- **CO2:** Ability to apply the concepts of hardware structure of DSP processors to implement Convolution, FIR and IIR Filter operations.
- CO3: Ability to analyze the operation of FIR and IIR filters using MATLAB.
- **CO4:** Ability to analyze Convolution, Discrete Fourier Transform operations using MATLAB.

- Sanjit K. Mitra, "Digital Signal Processing A Computer Based Approach", Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2015.
- 2. John G Proakis and Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing Principles, Algorithms and Applications", 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2014.
- Vinay K Ingle, John G Prokias, "Digital Signal Processing using MATLAB", Cengage Learning, 2015.
- 4. Venkataramani B, and Bhaskar M, "Digital Signal Processors: Architecture, Programming & Applications", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2011.
- Phil Lapsley, Jeff Bier, Amit Shoham, Edward A Lee, "DSP Processor fundamentals", Wiley India, 2015.



L	Т	Р	С
0	0	3	1.5

The course will enable the students to learn the practical aspects of amplitude modulation, angle modulation, Sampling and Pulse modulation techniques through conduct of experiments and simulations.

COURSE CONTENT:

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Generation/Detection of Amplitude Modulation.
- 2. Generation/Detection of DSB-SC using IC MC1496.
- 3. Generation/Detection of Frequency Modulation.
- 4. Frequency response of Pre-emphasis and De-emphasis circuits.
- 5. Performance characteristics of AM Receiver.
- 6. Generation of PAM, PPM, PWM using 555 Timer IC.
- 7. Verification of Sampling theorem and Signal Recovery through holding
- 8. Verification of TDM and FDM techniques.
- 9. Simulation of Amplitude modulation and demodulation using MATLAB.
- 10. Simulation of Frequency modulation and demodulation using MATLAB.
- 11. Performance analysis of AM and FM systems in the presence of noise using MATLAB.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1: Ability to apply the principles of analog modulation and demodulation techniques.
- **CO2:** Ability to analyze the performance of AM and FM systems through conduct of experiments.
- **CO3:** Ability to analyze the performance of pulse modulation systems through conduct of experiments.
- **CO4:** Ability to analyze the performance of analog modulation systems through simulations.

- G. Kennedy, Bernard Davis, "Electronic Communication Systems", Tata McGraw Hill, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
- Herbert Taub, Goutam Saha, Donald L. Schilling, "Principles of Communication Systems", 4th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2017.
- 3. D. Roddy, J. Coolen, "Electronic Communications", 4th Edition, Pearson, 2011.
- 4. Wayne Tomasi, "Electronic Communications Systems: Fundamentals through Advanced Telecommunications Series", 5th Edition, Pearson/Prentice Hall, Reprint 2012.
- 5. https://vlab.amrita.edu/index.php?sub=59.



SIXTH SEMESTER SYLLABUS

COIMBATORE - 10

WISDOM

PROSPERIT

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

This course will enable the students to learn the principles and properties of MOS transistors, implementation of combinational and sequential logic circuits at circuit level using MOSFETs, realization of arithmetic building blocks and the implementation of digital VLSI circuits using Xilinx and ACTEL FPGA.

COURSE CONTENT:

MOS Transistor Principle

NMOS and PMOS transistor operations, MOS DC Equations, Process parameters for MOS and CMOS, Electrical properties of CMOS circuits and device modeling, Scaling principles CMOS inverter, Second Order Effects, propagation delays, Stick diagram, Layout diagrams.

Combinational Logic Circuits

MOSFETs as switches, Basic Logic Gates in CMOS, Examples of Combinational Logic Design, Elmore's constant, Pass transistor Logic, Transmission gates, static and dynamic CMOS design, Power dissipation, Low power design principles.

Sequential Logic Circuits

Static and Dynamic Latches and Registers, Timing issues, pipelines, clock strategies, Memory architecture and memory control circuits, Low power memory circuits.

Arithmetic Building Blocks

Data path circuits, Architectures for ripple carry adders, carry look ahead adders, High speed adders, Multipliers, dividers, Barrel shifters, speed and area tradeoff.

Implementation Strategies

Full custom and Semi-custom design, Standard cell design and cell libraries, FPGA building block architectures, FPGA interconnect routing procedures, Xilinx and ACTEL FPGA.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to understand the basic concepts of MOS circuits for the realization of various building blocks used in digital VLSI design.
- **CO2:** Ability to apply MOS circuits, data path circuits for the design of digital VLSI circuits.
- **CO3:** Ability to analyze the performance of MOS circuits, data path circuits for the custom design and standard cell design of digital VLSI circuits.

CO4: Ability to choose appropriate architectural choices for implementation strategies and to design the transistor level circuits in realization of various arithmetic building blocks.

- 1. Weste and Harris, "CMOS VLSI Design: A Circuits and Systems Perspective", 4th Edition Pearson Education India, 2015.
- A.Pucknell, Kamran Eshraghian, "Basic VLSI Design", 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2016.
- 3. Jan M Rabaey, Anantha Chandrakasan, B.Nikolic, "Digital Integrated Circuits: A Design Perspective", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education India, 2016.
- 4. M.J. Smith, "Application Specific Integrated Circuits", Pearson Education, 2011.
- 5. R.Jacob Baker, Harry W. LI., David E. Boyce, "CMOS Circuit Design, Layout and Simulation", IEEE Press series on Microelectronic Systems Book 19, 2011.



L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

This course will enable the students to learn the concepts of information theory, waveform coding techniques, various baseband and bandpass transmission schemes and error control coding techniques

COURSE CONTENT:

Information Theory

Measure of information – Entropy – Source coding theorem – Discrete memoryless channels– BEC, BSC – Mutual information – Channel capacity – Shannon Hartley law- Source Coding Techniques - Shannon-Fano coding, Huffman Coding.

Waveform Coding

Review of Sampling Process, Quantization - Uniform & Nonuniform quantization - quantization noise - PCM –DPCM - Delta Modulation - ADPCM & ADM principles - Linear Predictive Coding -TDM.

Baseband Transmission

Properties of Line codes- Power Spectral Density of Unipolar / Polar RZ & NRZ – Bipolar NRZ - Manchester- ISI – Nyquist criterion for distortion less transmission – Pulse shaping – Correlative coding – Eye pattern – Equalization-Matched filter Receiver and Correlative Receiver.

Digital Modulation Scheme

Geometric Representation of signals - Generation, detection, PSD & BER of Coherent BPSK, BFSK & QPSK - QAM - - Structure of non-coherent receivers - Principle of DPSK- Carrier synchronization-Introduction to Spread Spectrum techniques.

Error Control Coding

Linear Block codes - Hamming codes - Cyclic codes - Convolutional codes-Viterbi Decoder.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to understand the principles of information theory, waveform coding and modulation schemes in digital communication systems.
- **CO2:** Ability to apply source coding schemes and digital modulation techniques for a given communication system.

- **CO3:** Ability to analyze the performance of digital modulation schemes in the presence of channel noise.
- **CO4:** Ability to develop baseband transmission schemes, pass band transmissions schemes and error control coding schemes.

- 1. S. Haykin, "Digital Communication Systems", John Wiley, 2018.
- 2. Herbert Taub & Donald L Schilling "Principles of Communication Systems", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.
- 3. B. Sklar, "Digital Communication Fundamentals and Applications", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.
- B.P.Lathi, "Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems", 4th Edition, Oxford University Press 2017.
- 5. Wayne Tomasi, "Advanced Electronic Communication Systems", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.



20EC020

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to learn the radiation characteristics of different types of antenna, different types of propagation of radio waves at different frequencies, analysis of antenna parameters for different types of antennas and array.

COURSE CONTENT:

Radiation Principles and Radiating Wire Structures

Concept of scalar and vector potentials - Retarded vector potentials, Radiation from an elementary dipole, Half wave dipole and Quarter Wave monopole antenna. Antenna parameters: Radiation pattern, Beam width, Gain, Directivity, Effective height, Effective aperture, Bandwidth, Polarization and Antenna Temperature – Helical antenna, Log periodic antenna.

Antenna Arrays

Two element array – uniform linear array – Broadside and End fire array – Direction of maxima, minima, Beamwidth, HPBW, Visible Region, Directivity, method of pattern multiplication, binomial array, Phased arrays, Adaptive arrays and Smart antennas. Dolph-Chebychev array.

Aperture and Lens Antennas

Radiation from Huygen's source, Radiation from rectangular aperture - Directivity, Beam width and effective area, E plane horn, H Plane Horn-Pyramidal Horn - Reflector antennas- Paraboloid Reflector Antenna – Aperture Blockage, Cassegrain feeding system, Rectangular Microstrip Antenna. PROSPF

Modern Antennas and Antenna Measurements

Modern antennas - Reconfigurable antenna, Active antenna, Dielectric antenna for terrestrial mobile communication systems, Embedded antennas, UWB antenna, Plasma antenna. Antenna Measurements: Test Ranges, Measurement of Gain, Radiation pattern, VSWR, Impedance, Efficiency, Polarization.

Propagation of radio waves

Ground wave propagation, Space wave propagation, Ionosphere - critical frequency, Maximum Usable Frequency, Skip distance, Virtual height, Radio noise of terrestrial and extra-terrestrial origin, Tropospheric wave propagation, Principle of Wave Propagation between Buried Antennas.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

CO1: Ability to understand the basic mechanism of radiation and antenna parameters.

- **CO2:** Ability to interpret the operations of different types of antennas.
- **CO3:** Ability to interpret the various modes of propagation of radio waves and the measurement of antenna parameters.
- CO4: Ability to analyze antenna parameters for different types of antennas and array.

- 1. John D Kraus, Ronalatory Marhefka and Ahmad S Khan, "Antennas and Wave Propagation", 5th Edition Tata McGraw Hill Book Company, 2017.
- Jordan E.C and Balmain, "Electro Magnetic Waves and Radiating Systems", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2015.
- 3. Constantine.A.Balanis, "Antenna Theory Analysis and Design", Wiley student Edition, 2015.
- 4. Ganesh Rao D, Somanathannair B, Deepa Reghunath, "Antennas and Radio Wave Propagation", Sanguine Technical Publishers, Bangalore, 2007.
- 5. Amit S. Kesar and Eyal Weiss, "Wave Propagation between Buried Antennas", IEEE Transactions on Antennas and Propagation, Vol. 61, No. 12, December 2013.



This course will enable the students to design combinational and sequential logic circuits using HDL. It also imparts practical knowledge on the different types of low power adders and multipliers.

COURSE CONTENT:

Simulation using HDL:

- 1. Design and simulation of Full Adder and Full Subtractor.
- 2. Design and simulation of Multiplexer and Demultiplexer.
- 3. Design and simulation of Encoder and Decoder.
- 4. Design and simulation of 4-Bit Comparator.
- 5. Design and simulation of 4-Bit Multiplier.
- 6. Design and simulation of Latch and Flip Flops.
- 7. Design and simulation of Ripple Counter and BCD Counter.
- 8. Design and simulation of Shift Registers.
- 9. FPGA Implementation of Traffic light controller.

Experiments using SPICE Simulation:

- 10. DC and Transient Analysis of CMOS Inverter Logic Gates and D-Latch.
- 11. DC and Transient Analysis of CMOS NAND and NOR Logic Gates.
- 12. Design of Differential Amplifier.
- 13. Design of Flip-flops.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

CO1: Ability to analyze the performance of CMOS NAND, NOR Logic Gates and D-Latch using SPICE tool.

OIMBATORE - 10

- CO2: Ability to design and simulate Combinational and Sequential Logic circuits using HDL
- CO3: Ability to design and implement digital Circuit using FPGA
- **CO4:** Ability to design and simulate Combinational and Sequential logic circuits using SPICE tool.

- Weste and Harris: CMOS VLSI Design: A Circuits and Systems Perspective Pearson Education India, 4th Edition 2015.
- Samir Palnitkar, "Verilog HDL-A guide to Digital Design and Synthesis" 2nd Edition, Pearson Education in South Asia 2015.
- 3. J. Bhaskar, A Verilog Primer, Prentice Hall, 2015.
- 4. M. Morris R. Mano Michael D. Ciletti, "Digital Design with an Introduction to the Verilog HDL, VHDL, and System Verilog", Pearson Education, Inc., 2018.
- 5. J. Bhaskar, A VHDL Primer, Prentice Hall, 2015.



The course will enable the students to learn the practical aspects of waveform coding techniques, digital modulation schemes and Error control coding techniques through conduct of experiments and simulations.

COURSE CONTENT:

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Verification of different types of signal sampling and its reconstruction.
- 2. Implementation of PCM and TDM.
- 3. Implementation of DM and ADM.
- 4. Generation of different line coding signalling formats.
- 5. Verification of digital modulation schemes: ASK, FSK, PSK.
- 6. Generation of signal constellation plot of BPSK using MATLAB.
- 7. Verification of PLL Characteristics and its use as Frequency Multiplier
- 8. Simulation of signal constellation of QPSK using MATLAB.
- Simulation of Probability of bit error for BFSK and QPSK modulation schemes using MATLAB.
- 10. Simulation of linear block code with error control coding capability using MATLAB.
- 11. Simulation of Convolutional coding scheme using MATLAB.
- 12. Simulation of Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum using MATLAB Simulink.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

COIMBATORE - 10

- **CO1:** Ability to demonstrate the operation of base band and band pass signaling schemes through conduct of experiments.
- **CO2:** Ability to develop and interpret the waveforms of different line coding signaling formats.
- **CO3:** Ability to analyze the performance of band-pass keying techniques through simulations.
- **CO4:** Ability to analyze the performance of channel coding techniques through simulations.

- Dennis Silage, "Digital Communication Systems using MATLAB and Simulink", 2nd edition, Bookstand Publishers, 2009.
- 2. Prof Shaik Aqeel, "Scilab Manual for Analog and Digital Communication Laboratory".
- 3. S. Haykin, "Digital Communication Systems", John Wiley, 2018.
- B. Sklar, "Digital Communication Fundamentals and Applications", 2nd Edition, Education, 2013.
- Wayne Tomasi, "Advanced Electronic Communication Systems", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.



20EC901

L	Т	Р	С
0	0	6	3

This course will enable the students to solve a specific problem right from its identification and literature review till the successful solution of the same. This also trains the students in preparing project reports and to face reviews and viva voce examination.

COURSE CONTENT:

The students in a group of 3 to 4 works on a topic approved by the Head of the Department under the guidance of a faculty member and prepare a comprehensive project report after completing the work to the satisfaction of the Project Coordinator. The progress of the project is evaluated based on a minimum of two reviews. The review committee may be constituted by the Head of the Department. A project report is required at the end of the semester. The project work is evaluated based on oral presentation and the project report jointly by external and internal examiners constituted by the Head of the Department.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to take up any challenging practical problems and find solution by formulating proper methodology.
- **CO2:** Ability to formulate a real-world problem, identify the requirement and develop the design solutions.
- CO3: Ability to identify technical ideas, strategies and methodologies.
- **CO4:** Ability to utilize the new tools, algorithms, techniques that contribute to obtain the solution of the project.

SEVENTH SEMESTER SYLLABUS

DISCIPLINE

WISDOM

COIMBATORE - 10

20EC023	

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

This course will enable the students to gain knowledge on the concepts of optical fiber modes and losses, optical fiber sources, receivers, transmission techniques and optical networks.

COURSE CONTENT:

Introduction to optical fibers

Need for optical communication – Advantages and applications – EM spectrum– system model description – selection of system components –Overview of Modes – Key Modal concepts – Linearly Polarized Modes – Single Mode Fibers – Graded Index fiber structure.

Signal Degradation in optical fibers

Attenuation, Scattering Losses, Absorption Losses, Leaky modes, mode coupling losses, Bending Losses, Combined Losses in the fiber – Polarization mode dispersion – Intermodal dispersion, Material dispersion, Wave guide dispersion, Total dispersion.

Fiber optical Sources

Characteristics and requirements – Source Laser Diodes and LED's characteristics, Comparison and applications. Splices and connectors – Power Launching and Coupling: Source to fiber power launching – Lensing Schemes for coupling improvement.

Fiber optical receivers

Physical principles of Photodiodes, PIN Photo detector – Avalanche Photodiodes-Photo detector Noise, Comparisons of photo detectors– Fundamental Receiver operation – Receiver configurations – Pre-amplifier for detectors.

Optical networks and System transmission

Basic Networks – SONET/SDH – Broadcast and select WDM Networks – Wavelength Routed Networks – Operational Principles of WDM Performance of WDM + EDFA system – Soliton.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to understand the basics of optical fiber communication system and to estimate its performance.
- **CO2:** Ability to analyze the various optical fiber modes, configurations and signal degradation factors.
- **CO3:** Ability to analyze the digital transmission and its associated parameters on system performance.

CO4: Ability to choose suitable optical sources and detectors for various communication systems.

REFERENCES:

- 1. G.Keiser, "Optical fiber communication", 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York, 2017.
- G.P. Agarwal, "Fiber optic communication systems", 4th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2017.
- 3. John Senior, "Optical Fiber Communications: Principles and Practices", 3rd Edition Prentice Hall Publications, New Delhi, 2014.
- 4. J.Gower, "Optical Communication System", Prentice Hall of India, 2001.

WISDOM

5. Ramaswami, Sivarajan and Sasaki, "Optical Networks-A Practical Perspective", 3rd edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009.

COIMBATORE - 10

PROSPERIT

20EC024

RF AND MICROWAVE COMMUNICATION

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to learn the basic principles, characteristics, and applications of commonly used microwave devices, techniques for designing the microwave circuits and various measurement procedures of different microwave parameters.

COURSE CONTENT:

Two Port Network Theory

Review of Low frequency parameters: Impedance, Admittance, Hybrid and ABCD parameters – Different types of interconnection of Two port networks – High Frequency parameters – Properties of S-parameters – Reciprocal and lossless Network – RF behaviour of Resistors, Capacitors and Inductors.

RF Amplifiers and Matching Networks

Characteristics of Amplifiers, Amplifier power relations, Stability considerations, Impedance matching using discrete components – Two component matching networks – Frequency response and quality factor – T and Pi Matching Networks – Microstrip Line Matching Networks.

Passive and Active Microwave Devices

Terminations – Attenuators – Phase shifters – Directional couplers – Hybrid Junctions – Power dividers – Circulator – Isolator – Gunn diode oscillator – IMPATT, TRAPATT, BARITT diode oscillator and amplifier – Varactor diode Manley–Rowe relations.

Microwave Generation

Introduction to M and O Type tubes, Two cavity Klystron Amplifier: Velocity and Current modulation – Reflex Klystron oscillator – Traveling wave tube amplifier – Cylindrical Magnetron oscillator – Backward wave Crossed field amplifier and oscillator.

Microwave Measurements

Measuring Instruments: Principle of operation and application of VSWR meter, Power meter, Spectrum Analyzer, Network Analyzer – Measurement of Impedance, Frequency, Power – Calorimeter method, VSWR, Q-factor, Dielectric constant, Scattering coefficients, Attenuation, S-parameters – Microwave Hazards.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

WISDOM

- **CO1:** Ability to understand the principles of operations of active and passive microwave devices.
- **CO2:** Ability to estimate the scattering parameters for passive networks.
- CO3: Ability to measure the performance parameters of Microwave devices.
- CO4: Ability to analyse RF oscillators and design RF amplifiers based on stability and gain considerations.

REFERENCES:

- David M. Pozar, "Microwave Engineering: Theory and Techniques", 4th Edition, Wiley India (P) Ltd., New Delhi,2020.
- Reinhold Ludwig and Gene Bogdanov, "RF Circuit Design: Theory and Applications", 2nd Edition Pearson Education Inc., 2011.
- 3. Robert E Colin, "Foundations for Microwave Engineering", 4th Edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2013.
- 4. Samuel Y. Liao, "Microwave Devices and Circuits", 3rd Edition, Prentice-Hall, 2013.
- 5. Annapurna Das and Sisir K Das, "Microwave Engineering", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2020.

PROSPER

COIMBATORE - 10

L	Т	Р	С
0	0	4	2

This course will enable the students to understand the working principle of optical sources, detector, fibers and microwave components. The behavior of the optical and microwave devices will be demonstrated.

COURSE CONTENT:

List of Experiments

- 1. Digital Communication through optical link
- 2. Measurement of Numerical Aperture of optical fiber.
- 3. Measurement of Attenuation, coupling and Bending Losses.
- 4. Measurement of Eye Pattern
- 5. Characteristics of light sources.
- 6. Characteristics of light detectors
- 7. Mode Characteristics of Reflex Klystron Oscillator
- 8. Characteristics of Gunn Diode Oscillator
- 9. Measurement of S- Parameters of Isolator and Circulator
- 10. Measurement of S- Parameters of E -plane Tee, H-plane Tee and Magic Tee
- 11. Measurement of Radiation Pattern of Horn Antenna
- 12. Characteristics of Directional Coupler
- 13. Measurement of VSWR of microwave passive devices
- 14. Measurement of Frequency using slotted line method.
- 15. Simulation of Microstrip Antenna
- 16. Simulation of Optical Fiber Communication System

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1: Ability to understand the working principle of optical sources, detector and optical fiber.
- CO2: Ability to understand the characteristics of microwave sources.
- **CO3:** Ability to demonstrate microwave measurement procedures and analysis the behavior of microwave components.
- CO4: Ability to establish optical communication link and measure the losses in the optical fiber.

- 1. David M. Pozar, "Microwave Engineering", 4th Edition Wiley India (P) Ltd., New Delhi,2020.
- 2. Annapurna Das and Sisir K Das, "Microwave Engineering", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2020.
- 3. Gerd Keiser, "Optical Fiber Communications", 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.
- 4. Microwave Experimental Manual, The Scientific Instrument CO. LTD., Ghaziabad.
- 5. Optical Fiber and Digital Communication Trainer User Manual, Benchmark Electronic Systems (P) Ltd., Chennai.



L	Т	Р	С
0	0	6	3

This course will enable the students to solve a specific problem right from its identification and literature review till the successful solution of the same. The course also trains the students in preparing project reports and to face reviews and viva voce examination.

COURSE CONTENT:

The students in a group of 3 to 4 works on a topic approved by the head of the department under the guidance of a faculty member and prepares a comprehensive project report after completing the work to the satisfaction of the supervisor. The progress of the project is evaluated based on a minimum of three reviews. The review committee may be constituted by the Head of the Department. A project report is required at the end of the semester. The project work is evaluated based on oral presentation and the project report jointly by external and internal examiners constituted by the Head of the Department.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to take up any challenging practical problems and find solution by formulating proper methodology.
- **CO2:** Ability to formulate a real-world problem, identify the requirement and develop the design solutions.
- CO3: Ability to identify technical ideas, strategies and methodologies.
- **CO4:** Ability to utilize the new tools, algorithms, techniques that contribute to obtain the solution of the project.

EIGHTH SEMESTER SYLLABUS

COIMBATORE - 10

WISDOM

PROSPERIT

L	Т	Р	С
0	0	16	8

This course will enable the students to solve a specific problem right from its identification and literature review till the successful solution of the same. This course also train the students in preparing project reports and to face reviews and viva voce examination.

COURSE CONTENT:

The students in a group of 3 to 4 works on a topic approved by the head of the department under the guidance of a faculty member and prepares a comprehensive project report after completing the work to the satisfaction of the supervisor. The progress of the project is evaluated based on a minimum of three reviews. The review committee may be constituted by the Head of the Department. A project report is required at the end of the semester. The project work is evaluated based on oral presentation and the project report jointly by external and internal examiners constituted by the Head of the Department.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1: Ability to take up any challenging practical problems and find solution by formulating proper methodology.
- **CO2:** Ability to formulate a real-world problem, identify the requirement and develop the design solutions.
- CO3: Ability to identify technical ideas, strategies and methodologies.
- **CO4:** Ability to utilize the new tools, algorithms, techniques that contribute to obtain the solution of the project.

OPEN ELECTIVES

(Offered by CSE Department to other B.E. Programmes)

COIMBATORE - 10

WISDOM

PROSPERIT

Page 108 of 167
20CSE01

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course will enable the students to learn the basics of algorithmic problem solving, read and write simple Python programs and to develop Python programs with Python data structures namely lists, tuples, and dictionaries.

COURSE CONTENT:

Introduction

Algorithms, building blocks of algorithms (statements, state, control flow, functions), notation (pseudo code, flow chart, programming language), algorithmic problem solving, simple strategies for developing algorithms (iteration, recursion).

Python Basics

Python interpreter and interactive mode; values and types: int, float, boolean, string, and list; variables, expressions, statements, tuple assignment, precedence of operators, comments; modules and functions, function definition and use, flow of execution, parameters and arguments.

Control Structures and Strings

Conditionals: Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else), chained conditional (if-elif-else); Iteration: state, while, for, break, continue, pass; Fruitful functions: return values, parameters, local and global scope, function composition, recursion; Strings: string slices, immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Lists as arrays.

Lists and Tuples

Lists: list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters; Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing – list comprehension.

File Handling and Exceptions

Files and exception: text files, reading and writing files, format operator; command line arguments, errors and exceptions, handling exceptions.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

- CO1: Ability to develop algorithmic solutions to solve various computational problems
- **CO2:** Ability to structure simple python programs for solving problems.
- **CO3:** Ability to create applications written using simple Python programs.

- 1. Anita Goel and Ajay Mittal "Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C", Pearson Education, 2013(Unit 1)
- Allen B. Downey, ``Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist'', 2nd edition, Updated for Python 3, Shroff/O'Reilly Publishers, 2016 (<u>http://greenteapress.com/wp/thinkpython/</u>) (Units 2,3,4 and 5).
- 3. Guido van Rossum and Fred L. Drake Jr, "An Introduction to Python Revised and updated for Python 3.2, Network Theory Ltd., 2011.
- 4. Charles Dierbach, "Introduction to Computer Science using Python: A Computational Problem-Solving Focus, Wiley India Edition, 2013.
- 5. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python", Revised and expanded Edition, MIT Press, 2013
- 6. Kenneth A. Lambert, "Fundamentals of Python: First Programs", CENGAGE Learning, 2012.



2005502	OCSE02 INTRODUCTION TO AI	L	Т	Р	С
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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The objective of the course is to learn the concepts of Artificial Intelligence and to understand the various characteristics of intelligent agents, the different search strategies in AI and represent knowledge for solving AI problems.

COURSE CONTENT:

Introduction

Introduction–Definition – Future of Artificial Intelligence – Characteristics of Intelligent Agents–Typical Intelligent Agents – Problem Solving Approach to Typical AI problems.

Problem Solving Methods

Problem solving Methods – Search Strategies- Uninformed – Informed – Heuristics – Local Search Algorithms and Optimization Problems -Searching with Partial Observations – Constraint Satisfaction Problems.

Knowledge Representation

First Order Predicate Logic – Inference in FOL – Unification – Forward Chaining - Backward Chaining – Resolution.

Learning

Learning - Learning from Examples: Forms of Learning – Theory of Learning - Decision Trees - Explanation-Based Learning - Reinforcement Learning: Active - Passive.

AI Applications

Expert Systems: Architecture - DART - MYCIN- Robotics: Hardware – Robotic Perception – Planning - moving.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

CO1: Ability to understand the basic concept of Artificial Intelligence.

CO2: Ability to apply appropriate search algorithms for any AI problem.

CO3: Ability to represent a problem using first order and predicate logic.

CO4: Ability to apply AI techniques in developing real world applications.

- 1. Stuart J. Russell, Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach", Third Edition, Pearson Publishers, 2015.
- 2. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Shivashankar B. Nair, "Artificial Intelligence", Third Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2008.
- 3. Dr. S N Sivanandam, Dr. M Paulraj," Introduction to Artificial Networks", Vikas Publishing House, India-2014.
- 4. Steven Bird, Ewan Klein and Edward Loper, "Natural Language Processing with Python", O'Reilly, 2009, https://www.nltk.org/book/.
- 5. Nils J. Nilsson, "Artificial Intelligence: A New Synthesis", Morgan Kaufmaan Publishers Inc; Second Edition, 2003.
- 6. David L. Poole and Alan K. Mackworth, —Artificial Intelligence: Foundations of Computational Agents, Cambridge University Press, 2010.

ONLINE RESOURCES:

- 1. NPTEL, "Artificial Intelligence", http://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105079/2.
- 2. Udacity, "Introduction to Artificial Intelligence".

WISDOM

3. https://www.coursera.org/learn/introduction-to-ai#syllabus.

DISCIPLINE

COIMBATORE - 10

20CSE03

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will introduce the rapidly growing field of data science and equip the students with some of its basic principles and tools as well as its general applications.

COURSE CONTENT:

Introduction

What is Data Science? Big Data and Data Science – Datafication - Current landscape of perspectives - Skill sets needed; Matrices - Matrices to represent relations between data, and necessary linear algebraic operations on matrices - Intro to R/ Python.

Data preprocessing

Data cleaning - data integration - Data Reduction Data Transformation and Data Discretization-Evaluation of classification methods – Confusion matrix, Students T-tests and ROC curves - The Data Science Process.

Basic Machine Learning Algorithms

Association Rule mining - Linear Regression- Logistic Regression - Classifiers - k-Nearest Neighbors (k-NN), k-means -Decision tree - Naive Bayes. Feature Generation and Feature Selection algorithms - Filters; Wrappers; Decision Trees; Random Forests.

Clustering

Choosing distance metrics - Different clustering approaches - hierarchical agglomerative clustering, k-means (Lloyd's algorithm), - DBSCAN - Relative merits of each method - clustering tendency and quality.

Data Visualization

Basic principles, ideas and tools for data visualization.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

- CO1: Ability to describe what Data Science is and the skill sets needed to be a data scientist.
- **CO2**: Ability to explain in basic terms what Statistical Inference means. Identify probability distributions commonly used as foundations for statistical modeling. Fit a model to data.
- **CO3**: Ability to use R to carry out basic statistical modeling and analysis.
- CO4: Ability to explain the significance of exploratory data analysis (EDA) in data science.

- 1. Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt, "Doing Data Science, Straight Talk from The Frontline", O'Reilly, 2014.
- 2. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber and Jian Pei, "Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques", Third Edition. ISBN 0123814790, 2011.
- 3. Mohammed J. Zaki and Wagner Miera Jr, "Data Mining and Analysis: Fundamental Concepts and Algorithms", Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- 4. Matt Harrison, "Learning the Pandas Library: Python Tools for Data Munging, Analysis, and Visualization, O'Reilly, 2016.
- 5. Joel Grus, "Data Science from Scratch: First Principles with Python", O'Reilly Media, 2015.
- 6. Wes McKinney, "Python for Data Analysis: Data Wrangling with Pandas, NumPy, and IPython", O'Reilly Media, 2012.



20CSE04

BASICS OF INTERNET PROGRAMMING

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course will enable the students to learn the basics of HTML5, CSS3 and JavaScript essential for website development. Also, to learn the basics of PHP and XML essential for the development of dynamic websites.

COURSE CONTENT:

Introduction to World Wide Web and HTML5

Web Basics – Multitier Application Architecture – Client-Side Scripting versus Server-Side Scripting – HTML5: Introduction – Editing HTML5 – Headings – Linking – Images – Special Characters – Horizontal Rules – List - Tables – Forms – Form Input Types

Cascaded Style Sheets

Introduction – Inline styles – Embedded styles – linking external styles – Conflicting styles – Absolute and Relative Positional Elements – Backgrounds – Box Model – Text flow – linear gradient – radial gradient

Client-Side Programming: JavaScript

Displaying a line of Text – User input with prompt dialogs – Arithmetic – Control Statements – if, if- else, while – for – switch – do...while – break and Continue – logical operators – Function Definitions – Scope Rules – Global functions – Declaring and Allocating Arrays - Example Arrays - Modelling a Document: DOM Nodes and Trees – Traversing and Modifying DOM Tree - load Event – Event mouse move and the event Object – Form processing with Events.

Server-Side Programming: PHP

Introduction – Converting between data types – Operators – Arrays – String Comparison – Form Processing and Business Logic – Reading from a database – Using Cookies and Session

XML

XML Basics – Structuring Data – XML Namespaces – W3C XML Schema Documents - Ajax web Application – Ajax example using XML Http Request Object.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

- **CO1:** Ability to design and develop a static website with latest W3C standards
- CO2: Ability to design and develop an interactive website with client-side programming
- **CO3:** Ability to design and develop a dynamic web page / web application with database access and session management.

- Deitel and Deitel and Nieto, "Internet and World Wide Web How to Program", Prentice Hall, 5th Edition, 2012.
- Jeffrey C. Jackson, Web Technologies A Computer Science Perspective, 1st edition, Pearson Education, 2011.
- Chris Bates, Web Programming: Building Internet Applications, 3rd Edition, Wiley India Pvt. Limited, 2007.
- 4. Robert W. Sebesta, Programming the World Wide Web, 7th Edition, Pearson, 2013.
- 5. Eric Freeman, Elisabeth Robson, Head First HTML5 Programming, Building Web Apps with JavaScript, 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media, Incorporated, 2011.
- Jason Hunter, William Crawford, Java Servlet Programming, 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2010.



20CSE05	INTRODUCTION TO SOFT		Т	Р	С
	COMPUTING	3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course focuses on the various soft computing frame works and familiarize with the design of neural networks, fuzzy logic and fuzzy systems and also to learn the mathematical background for optimized genetic programming.

COURSE CONTENT:

Introduction

Introduction to Soft computing - Basic tools of Soft Computing - Soft Computing vs Hard Computing - Artificial Neural Networks - Classification of ANNs.

Artificial Neural Networks

Back propagation Neural Networks – Associative memory neural networks - Bi-directional Associative Memory -Adaptive Resonance Theory Neural Networks.

Fuzzy Systems

Introduction to Fuzzy Logic, Classical Sets and Fuzzy Sets – Classical Relations and Fuzzy Relations -Membership Functions -Defuzzification – Fuzzy Arithmetic.

Genetic Algorithms

Basic Concepts- Working Principles -Encoding- Fitness Function – Reproduction -Inheritance Operators – Cross Over – Inversion and Deletion -Mutation Operator – Bit-wise Operators -Convergence of Genetic Algorithm.

Optimization Techniques

Multi objective Evolutionary Algorithms (MOEA) - Particle swarm optimization (PSO)- Ant Colony Optimization - Fire fly Optimization.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

- CO1: Ability to apply the various soft computing concepts for solving real time problems.
- **CO2:** Ability to apply the fuzzy rules and reasoning to develop decision making and expert system.
- **CO3:** Ability to improve solution by optimization techniques.

- 1. S.Rajasekaran and G.A.Vijayalakshmi Pai, "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithm: Synthesis & Applications", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2006.
- 2. George J. Klir, Ute St. Clair, Bo Yuan, "Fuzzy Set Theory: Foundations and Applications" Prentice Hall, 1997.
- David E. Goldberg, "Genetic Algorithm in Search Optimization and Machine Learning" Pearson Education India, 2013.
- 4. James A. Freeman, David M. Skapura, "Neural Networks Algorithms, Applications, and Programming Techniques, Pearson Education India, 1991.
- 5. Simon Haykin, "Neural Networks Comprehensive Foundation" Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.



OPEN ELECTIVES (Offered by EEE Department to other B.E. Programmes)

COIMBATORE - 10

WISDOM

PROSPERIT

20EEE01

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to study the concepts behind energy management and auditing, economic analysis and Load management, the energy management on various electrical equipment and metering and to illustrate the concept of lighting systems and cogeneration.

COURSE CONTENT:

INTRODUCTION

Definition for energy management - Need for energy management - energy basics - designing and starting an energy management program - energy accounting -energy monitoring, targeting and reporting - Definition for Energy Audit – Types of energy audit.

ENERGY COST AND LOAD MANAGEMENT

Important concepts in an economic analysis - Economic models-Time value of money - Utility rate structures - cost of electricity - Loss evaluation. Load management: Demand control techniques - Utility monitoring and control system - HVAC and energy management - Economic justification.

ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN ELECTRICAL UTILITIES

Electricity billing – power factor improvement and benefits – transformers – Distribution losses in industrial system – energy efficient motors and factors affecting motor efficiency – star operations of motor – soft starters with energy saver – standards and labelling for motors.

METERING FOR ENERGY MANAGEMENT

Relationships between parameters - Units of measure - Typical cost factors - Utility meters -Smart meters - Demand meters - Paralleling of current transformers – Instrument transformer burdens-Multitasking solid-state meters - Metering location vs. requirements- Metering techniques and practical examples - Power Balancing & Metering: from grid, Solar to gird

LIGHTING SYSTEMS & COGENERATION

Concept of lighting systems - The task and the working space -Light sources - Ballasts luminaries - Lighting controls-Optimizing lighting energy - Power factor and effect of harmonics on power quality - Cost analysis techniques-Lighting and energy standards Cogeneration: Forms of cogeneration – feasibility of cogeneration- Electrical interconnection.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Ability to understand the basics of energy management with respect to economic and social maters.

- **CO2:** Ability to apply the concepts of energy management in various electrical energy applications.
- **CO3:** Ability to analyze the energy calculation and statistics for improving the efficiency in industries, commercial and domestic applications.

- 1. Barney L. Capehart, Wayne C. Turner, and William J. Kennedy, Guide to Energy Management, Fifth Edition, The Fairmont Press, Inc., 2006.
- 2. IEEE Recommended Practice for Energy Management in Industrial and Commercial Facilities, IEEE, 196.
- 3. Amit K. Tyagi, Handbook on Energy Audits and Management, TERI, 2003.
- 4. Book III Energy efficiency in electrical utilities, Second Edition 2018, By Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power, India.
- 5. Reay D.A, Industrial Energy Conservation, 1st edition, Pergamon Press, 1977.



20EEE02

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to impart knowledge about the basic concepts of bio medical engineering and about sensors, electrodes and their applications in medical fields.

COURSE CONTENT:

FUNDAMENTALS OF BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING:

Introduction to biomedical Engineering - Development of Bio medical instrumentation – Biometrics – Introduction and Components of man vs Instrument system – physiological system of the body – problems in measuring living system – Sources of biomedical signal – Basic medical instrumentation system – Intelligent Medical Instrumentation system – Regulation of medical devices.

BIO ELECTRIC SIGNALS AND ELECTRODES

Origin of Bio electric signals – ECG – EEG – EMG – Electrodes for ECG - Electrodes for EEG - Electrodes for EMG – Electrical conductivity of Electrode jellies and creams – Micro electrodes – Electrode and Electrolyte interface – polarization.

PHYSIOLOGICAL TRANSDUCERS

Introduction to transducers – classifications of transducers – Performance characteristics of transducer – Displacement transducers – Motion transducers – Position transducers – Pressure transducer – temperature measurement transducer – Photoelectric transducer – Bio sensors – Smart sensors.

RECORDING MODERN IMAGING SYSTEM

ECG recorder – VCG recorder – PCG recorder – Digital Stethoscope – EEG – Electromyography – Central monitors – Heart and blood pressure measurement - Basis of Diagnostic Radiology – X-ray machine - Visualization of X-Rays - Portable and Mobile X-Ray Units – Digital X-ray System.

BIO AMPLIFIER AND PATIENT SAFETY

Need for bio-amplifier - single ended bio-amplifier, differential bio-amplifier – right leg driven ECG amplifier. Band pass filtering, isolation amplifiers – transformer and optical isolation - isolated DC amplifier and AC carrier amplifier. Chopper amplifier. Power line interference - Electric Shock Hazards - Leakage Currents - Safety Codes For Electro medical Equipment - Electrical Safety Analyser - Testing Of Biomedical Equipment.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Ability to remember the basic concepts in bio medical engineering.

- **CO2:** Ability to understand the concept of various sensors, meters and recording devices used in the medical fields.
- **CO3:** Ability to apply this bio-electrical and bio-electronic device to identify the various diseases.

- 1. Leslie Cromwell, "Biomedical Instrumentation and measurement", Prentice hall of India, New Delhi, 2007.
- 2. Khandpur R.S, "Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
- 3. John G. Webster, Medical Instrumentation Application and Design, John Wiley and sons, New York, 1998.
- 4. Standard Handbook of Biomedical Engineering & Design Myer Kutz, McGrawHill Publisher, 2003.
- 5. Duane Knudson, Fundamentals of Biomechanics, Springer, 2nd Edition, 2007.

PROSPERI WISDOM COIMBATORE - 10

20EEE03

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course will enable the students to understand the operating and selection procedures of a PLC for industrial systems and possess knowledge levels to program a small, automated industrial production line.

COURSE CONTENT:

INTRODUCTION

Programmable Logic Controller- History of PLC, Difference between PC & PLC, Architecture of PLC, Advantages and Disadvantages, Overall PLC system, PLC cycle Application.

PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLER

PLC as a computer, Programming format, PLC Modules - Input on/off Switching Devices, Input Analog Devices, Output on/off Switching Devices, Output Analog Devices.

PLC PROGRAMMING

Relay Logic, Coils and Indicators, Ladder Diagram, PLC Input Instructions, PLC Programming Examples, Industrial Process Example.

PLC FUNCTIONS

PLC Registers – Input, Output, Holding, Module Addressing, PLC Timer functions, PLC Counter Functions, PLC Arithmetic Functions, and Industrial Application Examples.

SELECTION, MAINTENANCE AND APPLICATION

Factors in Selecting a PLC, Electrical Connections, Troubleshooting malfunctions, Maintenance. Applications – Water Filling Station, Industrial Three-axis Robot Control, PID controller using PLC.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Ability to understand the electrical relay logic and ladder logic.

CO2: Ability to identify the correct PLC for an industrial system.

CO3: Ability to design ladder logic for small industrial applications.

- 1. John W Webb, Ronald A Reis, "Programmable logic controllers: Principles and Applications", Prentice Hall India, 2003.
- 2. Frank D Petruzella, "Programmable Logic Controllers ", McGraw Hill Inc, 2005.
- 3. Kelvin T Erikson, "Programmable Logic Controllers", Dogwood Valley Press, 2005.
- 4. Garry Duning, "Introduction to Programmable Logic Controller", Cengage Learning, 3rd Edition, 2006.
- W. Bolten, "Programmable Logic Controller", Elsevier Newness Publication, 5th Edition, 2009.



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3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to study about renewable Energy Sources and technologies, learn adequate inputs on a variety of issues in harnessing renewable Energy and to recognize current and possible future role of renewable energy sources.

COURSE CONTENT:

RENEWABLE ENERGY (RE) SOURCES

Environmental consequences of fossil fuel use - Importance of renewable sources of energy -Sustainable Design and development - Types of RE sources - Limitations of RE sources -Present Indian and international energy scenario of conventional and non-conventional sources.

WIND ENERGY

Power in the Wind – Types of Wind Power Plants (WPPs)–Components of WPPs-Working of WPPs - Siting of WPPs - Grid integration issues of WPPs.

SOLAR PV AND THERMAL SYSTEMS

Solar Radiation - Radiation Measurement - Solar Thermal Power Plant - Central Receiver Power Plants - Solar Ponds.- Thermal Energy storage system with PCM - Solar Photovoltaic systems -Types of PV Systems - Types of Solar Cells - Cell, module - array - PV Module - I-V Characteristics - series and parallel connections, maximum power point tracking -Applications. Practical usage: Direct supply, Balance Supply Balance Supply needs temporary storage – Batteries fly wheel system (mechanical) based energy optimization

BIOMASS ENERGY

Introduction - Bio mass resources - Energy from Bio mass: conversion processes - Biomass Cogeneration - Environmental Benefits. Geothermal Energy: Basics - Direct Use - Geothermal Electricity - Mini/micro hydro power: Classification of hydropower schemes - Classification of water turbine - Turbine theory - Essential components of hydroelectric system.

OTHER ENERGY SOURCES

Tidal Energy: Energy from the tides - Barrage and Non Barrage Tidal power systems. Wave Energy: Energy from waves - wave power devices. Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion (OTEC) - Hydrogen Production and Storage - Fuel cell: Principle of working - various types - construction and applications. Energy Storage System - Hybrid Energy Systems.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Understand the concept of conventional, non-conventional energy sources and solar, wind, biomass, biogas power generation.
- **CO2:** Understand the concept of energy conversion of solar, wind, biomass, biogas, hydrogen cell, fuel cell, Geo thermal, Ocean thermal, Tidal and Wave energy.
- **CO3:** Apply the concept of energy conversion techniques for the betterment of power generation and power system.

REFERENCES:

WISDOM

- 1. Joshua Earnest, Tore Wizeliu, 'Wind Power Plants and Project Development', PHI Learning Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2011.
- 2. D.P.Kothari, K.C Singal, Rakesh Ranjan "Renewable Energy Sources and Emerging Technologies", PHI Learning Pvt., Ltd, New Delhi, 2013.
- 3. A.K.Mukerjee and Nivedita Thakur, "Photovoltaic Systems: Analysis and Design", PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2011.
- 4. Chetan Singh Solanki, "Solar Photovoltaics : Fundamentals, Technologies and Applications", PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2011.
- 5. Shobh Nath Singh, 'Non-conventional Energy resources' Pearson Education, 2015.

COIMBATORE - 10

PROSPER

20EEE05 VIRTUAL INSTRUMENTATION AND DATA L ACQUISITION 3

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to impart the knowledge about software and programming structure of LabVIEW and to introduce various techniques of interfacing with external instruments of PC.

COURSE CONTENT:

Introduction to Virtual Instrumentation

Introduction - Block diagram and architecture of a virtual instrument - Conventional Instruments versus Virtual Instruments – Data flow techniques, graphical programming in data flow, comparison with conventional programming.

Graphical Programming

Front panel - Block diagram - VIs - Sub-VIs - Simple examples - Looping: For loop, while loop - Shift registers - case and sequence; structures, formula nodes. Arrays - Clusters, charts and graphs - Local and global variables - Property node, string and file I/O.

Data Acquisition

DAQ – Components - Buffers - Triggering - Analog I/O - Digital I/O - Counters and timers - DMA, Software and hardware installation, Calibration, Resolution, Data acquisition interface requirements.

Instrument Control

DISCIPLINE

VI Chassis requirements. Common Instrument Interfaces: Current loop, RS 232C/ RS485, GPIB. Bus Interfaces: USB, PCMCIA, VXI, SCSI, PCI. PXI system controllers - Ethernet control of PXI. Industrial applications- VISA and IVI.

Application of Virtual Instrumentation

Simulation of systems using VI: Development of Control system - Industrial Communication-Image acquisition and processing - Motion control.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Ability to understand the fundamental programming and dataflow in virtual Instrumentation using various data structures, program structures.

- **CO2:** Ability to understand the fundamental programming and dataflow in virtual Instrumentation using various plotting the graphs and charts for system monitoring, processing and controlling.
- **CO3:** Ability to apply the concept of network interface for data communication using Data Acquisition systems.
- **CO4:** Ability to analyze the tools and to create graphical programming for automation, control applications, real time signal acquisition and analysis

- 1. Jane W. S. Liu," Real-time Systems", Pearson Education, 2001.
- 2. Jovitha Jerome, "Virtual Instrumentation using LabVIEW", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2011.
- 3. Gary Johnson, "LabVIEW Graphical Programming", McGraw Hill, 1997.
- 4. Kevin James, "PC Interfacing and Data Acquisition: Techniques for Measurement", Instrumentation and Control, Newnes, 2000.
- 5. Gupta S and Gupta J P, "PC Interfacing for data acquisition and Process control", Instrument Society of America.



COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to impart knowledge about the basic concepts and terminologies, energy storage devices used to drive and power the hybrid electric vehicles, different charging technologies and the control units available in the market area.

COURSE CONTENT:

INTRODUCTION

History of EV – basics of EV - Components in EV – Hybrid Electric Vehicles - Fuel Cell Vehicles - Recent EVs and HEVs – efficiency comparison – pollution comparison – advantages of EV.

VEHICLE MECHANICS AND REGENERATIVE BRAKING

General Description of Vehicle Movement - Vehicle Resistance - Dynamic Equation - Tire– Ground Adhesion and Maximum Tractive Effort - Power Train Tractive Effort and Vehicle Speed - Vehicle Power Plant and Transmission Characteristics – EV Vehicle Performance -Tractive Effort in Normal Driving – Energy Consumption – fundamentals of regenerative braking.

ELECTRIC PROPULSION SYSTEMS AND DESIGN OF SERIES AND PARALLEL HEV

DC Motor Drives - Induction Motor Drives - PMBLDC motors - SRM drives - Series HEV: Operation Patterns - Control Strategies - Sizing of the Major Components - Parallel HEV: Control Strategies of Parallel Hybrid Drive Train - Design of Drive Train Parameters - Mild Hybrid Electric Drive Train Design.

ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM OIMBATORE - 10

Battery Basics – Li-ion Battery - Cell Discharge Operation - Cell Charge Operation – Construction - Alternative Batteries - Battery Parameters - Technical Characteristics - Practical Capacity - Battery Power - Ragone Plots - Targets and Properties of Batteries - Battery Modelling – Ultra capacitors - Ultrahigh-Speed Flywheels - Hybridization of Energy Storages.

CHARGING STATION AND BMS

 $EV \ charging \ standards \ - \ various \ methods \ of \ charging \ - \ battery \ swapping \ - \ V2G \ - \ G2V \ - \ V2B \ - \ V2H \ - \ integration \ of \ EVs \ in \ smart \ grid \ - \ Introduction \ to \ BMS$

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Ability to remember the basic concepts in Electric and hybrid electric vehicles.
- **CO2:** Ability to understand the concept of vehicle dynamics, prime movers, energy storage device and various sensors Electric and hybrid electric vehicles.
- **CO3:** Ability to apply control units concepts in Electric and hybrid electric vehicles to improve the vehicle efficiency.

- 1. Emadi, A. (Ed.), Miller, J., Ehsani, M., "Vehicular Electric Power Systems" Boca Raton, CRC Press, 2003.
- 2. Husain, I. "Electric and Hybrid Vehicles" Boca Raton, CRC Press, 2010.
- 3. Larminie, James, and John Lowry, "Electric Vehicle Technology Explained" John Wiley and Sons, 2012.
- 4. Tariq Muneer and Irene Illescas García, "The automobile, In Electric Vehicles: Prospects and Challenges", Elsevier, 2017.
- 5. Sheldon S. Williamson, "Energy Management Strategies for Electric and Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicles", Springer, 2013.



OPEN ELECTIVES

(Offered by IT Department to other B.E. Programmes)

COIMBATORE - 10

WISDOM

PROSPERIT

Page 132 of 167

20ITE01

BIG DATA ANALYTICS AND ITS APPLICATIONS

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to understand the basics of big data analytics, Hadoop, and gain knowledge about the different data analytics techniques and its applications.

COURSE CONTENT :

Introduction to Big Data

Introduction - distributed computing - Need of distributed computing for Big Data- Evolution of data management–Understanding the data – Defining big data – characteristics of Big Data – Big Data and its importance– Big Data analytics–Traditional and advanced analytics. Big Data Types - Structured data - Unstructured data - Semi structured data.

Introduction to Hadoop

Big Data – Apache Hadoop & Hadoop Ecosystem – Moving Data in and out of Hadoop – Understanding inputs and outputs of Map Reduce - Data Serialization.

Introduction to MongoDB

What is MongoDB? - Why Mongo DB? - Terms used in RDBMS and MongoDB - Data Types in MongoDB – MongoDB Query Language. PROSPERI

Big Data Trends

Data Curators – CDOs are stepping up – Dark data in the cloud – Streaming the IoT for machine learning - Edge Computing - Open Source - chatbots will get smarter - Container Revolution -Commoditization of visualization.

Big Data Applications

Big Data in Health care – Big Data contributions to Education - Big Data contributions to Insurance Services - Big Data Contributions to Industrial and Natural Resources - Big Data Contributions to Transportation - Big Data Contributions to Banking Zones and Fraud Detection.

COURSE OUTCOMES :

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of Big Data

CO2: Demonstrate the deployment of Hadoop and Map reduce in a Big Data Environment

- CO3: Understand the usage of Mongo DB in data analytics.
- **CO4:** Compare the various data platforms with IoT and Cloud based on evaluation parameters.
- CO5: Understand the application of big data analytics in real-time scenarios

- 1. Seema Acharya, Subhashini Chellappan, "Big Data and Analytics", 2nd Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2021.
- 2. Chris Eaton, Dirk deroos, "Understanding Big data", McGraw Hill, 2012.
- 3. Judith Hurwitz, Alan Nugent et al.," Big Data for Dummies", John Wiley & Sons, Inc, 2013
- 4. Vignesh Prajapati, "Big Data Analytics with R and Haoop", Packet Publishing, 2013.
- 5. Tom Plunkett, Brian Macdonald et al, "Oracle Big Data Handbook", Oracle Press, 2014.

PROSPERIT WISDOM COIMBATORE - 10

20ITE02

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course will enable the students to understand the basic concepts, Cloud Models, architecture of cloud computing and techniques of virtualization and also get familiarized with the cloud platforms.

COURSE CONTENT:

Cloud Computing and Cloud Services

Introduction to Cloud Computing - History of Cloud computing - Types of Clouds - Characteristics of Cloud Computing - Cloud Architecture - Cloud Storage - Cloud Services - Benefits from Cloud Computing - Pros and Cons of Cloud Computing - Applications of Cloud Computing. Web based applications - Advantages of cloud development - Disadvantages of cloud development - Types of Cloud Service Development: Software as a Service - Platform as a Service - On demand Computing - Discovering Cloud services development services and tools.

Virtualization Technology and Services

Introduction - Virtualization Defined - Virtualization benefits - Server Virtualization - Virtualization for x86Architecture - Hypervisor Management Software - Virtual Infrastructure Requirements. Exploring Online Calendar Applications: Google Calendar - Yahoo Calendar - Windows Live Calendar - Apple MobileMe calendar - Exploring Online Scheduling Applications - Exploring Online Planning.

Collaborating with Cloud

Evaluating Web mail services - Evaluating Instant Messaging Services - Evaluating Web Conferencing Tools – Collaborating via social networks and group ware - Collaborating on budgets.

Web Services

Introduction - Amazon Web Services - Google App Engine – Microsoft Azure – Cloud computing economics - AJAX and Mashups.

Security in Cloud Computing

Cloud Computing software security Fundamentals : Cloud Security Services, Cloud Security Design Principles - Security Challenges Concerns, Risk Issues, and Legal Aspects - Security Requirements for the Architecture

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Apply cloud computing techniques to solve large scale scientific problems.

- CO2: Implement virtualization for applications, desktops, servers, and network platforms.
- **CO3:** Develop a cloud application with a user interface and understand data components.
- **CO4:** Apply the various cloud platforms to develop and deployment for web application.
- **CO5:** Understand the security aspects and architecture that are considering to protect cloud systems

- 1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vacchiola, S Thamarai Selvi, "Mastering Cloud Computing", First Edition ,McGraw Hill Publications, 2013.
- 2. Michael Miller, "Cloud Computing: Web-Based Applications that Change the way you Work and collaborate Online', Pearson publications Aug 2008.
- 3. Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C.Fox, Jack J.Dongarra, "Distributed and Cloud Computing: From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things", First Edition Morgan Kaufmann Publisher, an imprint Elsevier 2012.
- 4. Honbo Zhou, "The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective", Publisher: CRC Press, September 2013.
- 5. Graham Speake, Vic (J.R.) Winkler, "Securing the Cloud: Cloud Computer Security Techniques and Tactics", Elsevier, USA, 2011.



20ITE03 FUNDAMENTALS OF INTERNET OF THINGS

С Т Р L 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This Course will enable the students to understand the basic concepts of Internet of Things, Elements involved in Internet of Things, Physical Devices of IoT, Data Analytics in IoT and Explore the various real-time applications which can be automated using Internet of Things.

COURSE CONTENT:

Fundamentals of IoT

Introduction - Definition and Characteristics of IoT - Physical design - IoT Protocols - Logical design - IoT communication models, IoT Communication APIs - Enabling technologies -Wireless Sensor Networks, Cloud Computing, Big data analytics, Communication protocols, Embedded Systems, IoT Levels and Templates - Domain specific IoTs - IoT Architectural view - IoT and M2M- difference between IoT and M2M - IoT systems management - Needs -NETCONF, YANG - IoT design methodology

Elements of IoT

Sensors and actuators - Communication modules - Zigbee - LoRa - RFID - Wi-Fi - Power sources-IoT platforms - Cloud Computing in IoT - Cloud Connectivity - Big Data Analytics-Data Visualization.

IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints

Basic Building Blocks of IoT Device - Raspberry Pi – About the Board – Linux on Raspberry Pi - Raspberry Pi interfaces - Introduction Django framework - Designing a Web RESTful API -PROSPERI Other IoT devices – Introduction to Arduino.

Data Analytics for IoT

Introduction – Apache Hadoop – Using Hadoop MapReduce for Batch data analysis – Apache Spark – Apache Storm – using Apache Storm for Real time data analytics.

Challenges in IoT and Case Studies

Security Concerns and Challenges - Real time applications of IoT – Home automation Cities – Environment – Energy – Agriculture – Industry – Health and Lifestyle.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts of Internet of Things.
- **CO2:** Demonstrate the integration IoT elements with various technologies.
- CO3: Understand the building blocks of Internet of Things and characteristics
- **CO4:** Understand the relationship between IoT and Data analytics.
- **CO5:** Understand the application of IoT in real-time scenarios.

- 1. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Internet of Things-A hands-on approach", Universities Press, 2015.
- 2. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi, "The Internet of Things: Key applications and Protocols", Wiley Publications 2nd Edition, 2013.
- 3. Raj Kamal, "Internet of Things Architecture and Design Principles", Mc Graw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., 2017.
- 4. Internet of Things and Data Analytics, HwaiyuGeng, P.E, Wiley Publications, 2017.
- 5. Adrian McEwen, "Designing the Internet of Things", Wiley Publishers, 2013.



20ITE04

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course will enable the students to learn the basic concepts of DBMS, ER Diagrams, Relational model, transaction processing, and Familiarized with the various queries that can be used for data retrieval.

COURSE CONTENT:

Introduction to DBMS

Overview - Purpose of Database System -- Views of data -- Data Models -- Database Languages -- Database System Architecture -- Database users and Administrator -- Data Models --Introduction to relational databases

Relational Model

Entity-Relationship Diagram-Design Issues- Weak Entity Sets- and Extended E-R features - Structure of relational Databases- Views- Modifications of the Database – Keys.

SQL Fundamentals

Concept of DDL- DML- TCL - DCL: Basic Structure- Set Operations- Aggregate Functions-Null Values- Domain Constraints- Referential Integrity Constraints- CODD's Rule - Functional Dependency- Different Anomalies in designing a Database - Normalization.

Data Storage, Querying and Transaction Management

RAID – Indexing – Query optimization and Processing – transaction Concept – ACID Properties – Serializability – Transactions as SQL statements.

Database Applications

Proprietary DBMS vs Open Source DBMS –NoSQL – Databases for Social Networks – Introduction to Multimedia Databases.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Describe the most common designs for core database system components CO2: Apply the modeling concepts and notation of the relational data model
- **CO3:** Create a relational database schema in SQL that incorporates key, entity integrity, and referential integrity constraints.
- **CO4:** Understand the various transaction processing, transaction models, storage management techniques and indexing techniques.
- **CO5:** Understand the various types of databases that are used in social networks.

- 1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth and S. Sudharshan, "Database System Concepts", Sixth Edition, McGraw Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd., 2016.
- 2. Atul Kahate, "Introduction to Database Management Systems", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2006.
- 3. Alexis Leon and Mathews Leon, "Database Management Systems", Vikas Publishing House Private Limited, New Delhi, 2003.
- 4. Raghu Ramakrishnan, "Database Management Systems", McGraw-Hill, third Edition, 2014.
- 5. Bipin C Desai, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Galgotia Publications Pvt., Limited, Revised edition 2012.



L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course will enable the students to understand the basic concepts of web designing, CSS, Java script, JQuery and familiarized with designing web pages.

COURSE CONTENT:

HTML5

Introduction, New Elements, Canvas, SVG, Drag/Drop, Geolocation, Video, Audio, Input Types, Form Elements, Attributes, Semantic, Web Storage, App Cache, Web Workers, SSE.

Cascading Style Sheets

Introduction, Syntax, Id & Class, Backgrounds, Text, Fonts, Links, Lists, Tables, Box Model, Border, Outline, Margin, Padding, Grouping/Nesting, Dimension, Display, Positioning, Floating, Align, Pseudo-class, Pseudo-element, Navigation Bar.

Radial Gradients of Cascading Style Sheets

Image Gallery, Image Opacity, Image Sprites, Media Types, Animations, Attribute Selectors, CSS3 Introduction, Gradients, Text Effects, Fonts, 2D Transforms, 3D Transforms, Transitions, Animations, Multiple Columns.

JavaScript

Introduction, Comment, Variable, Global Variable, Data Types, Operators, If Statement, Switch, Loop: for and while, Function, Objects, Array, Browser Object Model, Validation.

JQuery

Introduction, Selectors, Events, CSS Classes, Dimensions.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Create and validate HTML/XHTML documents
- **CO2:** Use Cascading Style Sheets as a presentation technologies.
- CO3: Understand the radial gradients of CSS.
- **CO4:** Design and implement a simple web pages using JavaScript and JQuery. CO5: Construct a website to include Client-side programming with JavaScript.

- 1. Harvey Deitel, Abbey Deitel, Internet and World Wide Web: How to Program 5th Edition, Pearson Education 2012.
- 2. DJ Editorial Services, "HTML5 Black Book", 2nd Edition, Dream tech Press 2016.
- 3. Thomas A.Powell, HTML & CSS: The Complete Reference, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill 2010.
- 4. Thomas A.Powell and Fritz Schneider, JavaScript: The Complete Reference, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2013.
- 5. Thomas A.Powell, Web Design: The Complete Reference, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.



20ITE06 INTRODUCTION TO DATA STRUCTURES

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course will enable the student to learn basic and advanced concepts related to linear data structures such as lists, stack, queue and non-linear data structures like trees and graphs. It also provides an outline of various sorting, searching and storage techniques.

COURSE CONTENT:

Preliminaries of Data Structures

Basic Terminology- Algorithms: Complexity, Time-Space tradeoff – Algorithmic Notations – Complexity of Algorithms

Arrays and Linked Lists

Linear Arrays – Traversing Linear Arrays – Inserting and Deleting – Linked Lists - Traversal -Search-Insertion, Deletion – Two-way Lists

Stacks, Queues and Recursion

Stacks: Array Representation, Linked Representation – Arithmetic Expressions – Applications: Recursion, Tower of Hanoi – Queues – Linked Representation of Queues – Priority Queues

Trees and Graphs

Tree Terminology - Binary Trees: Representation – Binary Search Trees: Search, Insertion, Deletion – AVL Search Trees: Insertion, Deletion – Heap – Heapsort – Graph Terminology – Graph Representations: Adjacency Matrix, Path Matrix –Shortest Paths (Dijkstra's Algorithm)-Topological Sort – Minimum Spanning Trees (Prim's Algorithm and Kruskal's Algorithm)

Sorting and Searching

Sorting – Insertion Sort – Selection Sort – Radix Sort – Searching and Data Modification -Hashing COIMBATORE - 10

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Apply appropriate data structures and abstract data types (ADT) such as lists, stacks, queues, trees and graphs in problem solving.
- **CO2:** Analyze the performance of different implementations of data structures. CO3: Determine appropriate ADTs and data structures for various sorting and searching algorithms.
- CO4: Determine time and space requirements of common sorting and searching algorithms.
- CO5: Describe a simple hash function

- 1. Seymour Lipschutz, "Data Structures with C", McGraw Hill, 1st Edition, 2017.
- 2. John Hubbard, "Data Structures with C++", McGraw Hill, 1st Edition, 2017.
- 3. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++", Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2014.
- 4. Yedidyah Langsam, Moshe J. Augenstein, Aaron M. Tenenbaum, "Data Structures using C and C++", Pearson, 2nd Edition, 2015.
- 5. Venkatesan R and Lovelyn Rose S, "Data Structures", Wiley, 2nd Edition, 2019.


20ITE07

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

The course will enable the students with the understanding of software engineering processes such as requirement modeling, design, testing etc. and experiential learning opportunities to apply that knowledge to solve real-world problems.

COURSE CONTENT:

Software Process and Agile Development

Introduction to Software Engineering – Process Model: Perspective process models Specialized process models- The unified process - Personal and Team Process Models Agile Process- Other Agile Process Models.

Requirements Modeling

Functional and non-functional requirements – User Requirements – System requirements -Interface specification - The software requirements document - Requirements engineering processes

Design Concepts

Architectural design: Architectural design decisions - System organization - Modular decomposition styles - Control styles - Reference architectures.

Testing

Software Testing Fundamentals - System testing - Component testing - Test case design - Test automation.

Project management

Management activities - Project planning - Project scheduling - Risk management.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Understand the various software process models.
- **CO2:** Apply the requirement specifications and appropriate software design methodology for a given scenario.
- **CO3:** Understand the various architectural styles of software.
- **CO4:** Compare and contrast various testing measures.
- CO5: Acquire the knowledge of managing, modern and future software projects.

- 1. Ian Sommerville, "Software Engineering", Pearson Education Asia, 10th Edition, 2017.
- 2. Roger S Pressman, Bruce R Maxim, "Software Engineering A Practitioner's Approach", McGraw-Hill Education, 8th Edition, 2019.
- 3. Rajib Mall, "Fundamentals of Software Engineering", PHI Learning, 4th Edition, 2014
- 4. Pankaj Jalote, "Software Engineering: A Precise Approach", Wiley India, 2010.
- 5. Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, "Software Engineering Theory and Practice", Pearson Education, 4th Edition, New Delhi, 2009.



OPEN ELECTIVES

(Offered by Mechanical Engineering Department to other B.E. Programmes)

COIMBATORE - 10

WISDOM

PROSPERIT

Page 147 of 167

20MEE01

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To provide knowledge on IC Engines, braking, transmission, suspension, starting systems along with insights into new combustion techniques used for various fuels and alternative sources.

COURSE CONTENT:

VEHICLE STRUCTURE, ENGINE

Types of automobiles, vehicle construction and different layouts, chassis, frame and body, Vehicle aerodynamics, IC engines –components function and materials.

ENGINE AUXILIARY SYSTEMS

Electronically controlled gasoline injection system for SI engines and diesel injection system (Unit injector system, Rotary distributor type and common rail direct injection system), Electronic ignition system (Transistorized coil ignition system, capacitive discharge ignition system).

TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

Clutch: Types diaphragm clutch, single and multi-plate clutch, centrifugal clutch and construction, Gear box: Types - gear selector and shifting mechanism, transfer box, propeller shaft, slip joints, universal joints, Differential and rear axle.

BRAKES AND SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

Braking system: Types of brakes, Mechanical, and Air brakes, Disc & Drum brakes, Engine brakes, anti-lock braking system (ABS).Suspension system: Types of Suspension Systems-front and rear suspension.

ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES AND EMISSION CONTROL

Use of Natural Gas, Liquefied Petroleum Gas, and Hydrogen in Automobiles. Electric and Hybrid Vehicles, Fuel Cell. Engine emission, Engine emission control system, Emission norms (Euro and BS).

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the ability

CO1: To identify the fundamental components of automobile structures, engine auxiliary systems, along with brakes and suspension system

- **CO2:** To classify the clutches, gear boxes, braking and suspension systems based on different types of vehicles.
- **CO3:** To examine the various injection systems, ignition systems and gear shifting mechanism along with alternative energy sources and engine emission characteristics.

- 1. Kirpal Singh, "Automobile Engineering", Standard Publishers, Vol-I & II. Thirteenth Edition. New Delhi, 2014.
- 2. R. K. Rajput, "A Text book of Automobile Engineering", Lakshmi publication, Second Edition. 2014.
- 3. Heniz Heisler, "Vehicle and Engine Technology, SAE, Second Edition. 2009.
- 4. Heniz Heisler, "Vehicle and Engine Technology, SAE, Second Edition. 2009.
- 5. Gupta R B, "Automobile Engineering", Satya Prakashan, 2015.
- 6. Heniz Heisler, "Vehicle and Engine Technology, SAE, Second Edition. 2009.



20MEE02

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To provide an overview of how computers are being used in engineering component designs and make the students understand different CAD standards used in Industries

COURSE CONTENT:

FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER GRAPHICS

Product cycle- Design process- sequential and concurrent engineering- Computer aided design – CAD system architecture- Computer graphics – co-ordinate systems- 2D and 3D transformations homogeneous coordinates - Line drawing -Clipping- viewing transformation

GEOMETRIC MODELING

Geometry and topology -representation of curves- Hermite curve- Bezier curve- B-spline curves-rational curves-Techniques for surface modeling – surface patch- Coons and bicubic patches. Solid modeling techniques- CSG

ASSEMBLY OF PARTS

Assembly modelling – interferences of positions and orientation – tolerance analysis- mass property calculations – mechanism simulation and interference checking.

CAD STANDARDS

Standards for computer graphics- Graphical Kernel System (GKS) - standards for exchange images- Open Graphics Library (OpenGL) - Data exchange standards - IGES, STEP, CALS etc., and Communication standards.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

COIMBATORE - 10

At the end of the course, the students will have the ability

CO1: To identify the fundamental components of computer graphics such as product cycle, CAD system and architecture, computer graphics, homogeneous coordinates, geometry, topology along with assembly of parts and CAD standards

CO2: To classify the types of Coordinate systems, representation of different curves, surface modeling techniques and the various standards used in computer graphics such as GKS, open, IGES, STEP, and CALS.

CO3: To examine the assembly modeling with interferences of position and orientation, tolerance analysis and communication standards

- 1. Ibrahim Zeid "Mastering CAD CAM" Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co.2007
- 2. Chris McMahon and Jimmie Browne "CAD/CAM Principles", "Practice and Manufacturing management " Second Edition, Pearson Education, 1999.
- 3. William M Neumann and Robert F.Sproul, "Principles of Computer Graphics", McGraw Hill Book Co. Singapore, 1989.
- 4. Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker, "Computer Graphics", Prentice Hall, Inc, 1992.
- 5. Foley, Wan Dam, Feiner and Hughes "Computer graphics principles & practice" Pearson Education 2003.



20MEE03

INTRODUCTION TO POWER PLANT ENGINEERING

L	Т	Р	С
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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To providing an overview of power plants and detailing the role of Engineers in their operation and maintenance of renewable power sources,

COURSE CONTENT:

LAYOUT OF POWER PLANTS

Layout of Steam, Hydel, Diesel, Nuclear and Gas Turbine Power Plants - Combined Power Cycles -Comparison and Selection

NUCLEAR AND HYDRO POWER PLANTS

Nuclear Energy – Fission, Fusion Reaction, Types of Reactors, Waste Disposal and safety. Hydroelectric power plants – runoff storage and pumped storage type.

DIESEL AND GAS POWER PLANTS

Types of Diesel Plants, Components, Selection of Engine Type, Applications, environmental hazards- Gas Turbine Power Plant – Fuels - Gas Turbine Material – Regeneration and Intercooling.

SOLAR, TIDAL, WIND POWER PLANTS AND ECONOMIC ISSUES OF POWER PLANTS

Tidal - Solar thermal central receiver system – wind power plants -Cost of Electric Energy – Fixed and operating Costs – Energy Rates – Types of Tariffs.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

DISCIPLINE PROSPERIT At the end of the course, the students will have the ability

CO1: To identify the fundamental components of power plant layouts along with the selection procedure.

CO2: To classify the types of power plant layouts, reactors based on the type of fuel energy utilized.

CO3: To examine the various components and systems of different power plants such as nuclear, hydro, diesel, gas. Solar, tidal, wind and to determine the economical issues associated with them.

- EI- Wakil M. M, "Power Plant Technology", McGraw-Hill, Second Edition, 2014. 1.
- Arora S. C and Domkundwar S, "A course in Power Plant Engineering", Dhanpatrai, Third 2. Edition, 2012.
- Nag P.K, "Power Plant Engineering", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2014. 3.
- G. D. Rai, "Introduction to Power Plant Technology", Khanna Publishers, Third Edition, 2014. 4.
- T. Morse Frederick, "Power Plant Engi neering", Prentice Hall of India, Third Edition, 2014. 5.
- Culp A. W., "Principles of Energy Conversion", McGraw Hill, Second Edition, 2014. 6.

20MEE04

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To impart knowledge about automation, various sensors and their applications in robots. Along with Robot Programming methods & Languages used by robots.

COURSE CONTENT:

INTRODUCTION

Automation and robotics -History of robotics - Definition of a Robot - Basic Concepts - Robot configurations - Types of Robot drives - Basic robot motions - Point to point control - Continuous path control.

COMPONENTS AND OPERATIONS

Basic control system concepts - control system analysis - robot actuation and fed back, Manipulators Coordinate transformation - Brief Robot dynamics. Types of Robot and effectors - Grippers - Tools as end effectors - Robot/End - effort interface.

SENSING AND MACHINE VISION

Range sensing - Proximity sensing - Touch sensing - Force and Torque sensing. Introduction to Machine vision - Sensing and digitizing - Image processing and analysis.

ROBOT PROGRAMMING

Methods - languages - Capabilities and limitation - Artificial intelligence - Knowledge representation -PROSPERI Search techniques - AI and Robotics.

INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

Application of robots in machining - Welding - Assembly - Material handling - Loading and unloading -CIM - Hostile and remote environments OIMBATORE - 10

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the ability

- CO1: To identify the basic control system concepts, manipulator coordinate transformation, robot dynamics, range sensing, Artificial intelligence and industrial applications of robot such as in Welding, Assembly, Material handling, Loading and unloading,
- **CO2:** To classify the types of robots, end effectors, grippers, sensing techniques and robot programming methods.
- **CO3:** To examine the languages, Capabilities, limitations and Search techniques of robots

- 1. S.R. Deb, "Robotics Technology and flexible automation", Tata McGraw-Hill Education., 2010
- 2. Mikell P Groover& Nicholas G Odrey, Mitchel Weiss, Roger N Nagel, Ashish Dutta, "Industrial Robotics, Technology programming and Applications", McGraw Hill, 2012
- 3. Richard D. Klafter, Thomas. A, ChriElewski, Michael Negin, "Robotics Engineering an Integrated Approach", PHI Learning, 2011.
- 4. K.S. Fu., R.C.Gonalez, C.S.G.Lee, "Robotics Control Sensing ", Vision and Intelligence, McGraw Hill International Edition, 2000.
- 5. Craig J.J., "Introduction to Robotics Mechanics and Control", Pearson Education, 2008.



L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To understand the various RPT processes adopted to produce parts and to impart knowledge on threedimensional printing, reverse engineering, current technologies and their influence in manufacturing.

COURSE CONTENT:

FUNDAMENTALS OF RPT

Development of RP systems, Rapid Tooling, Rapid Manufacturing- Principle –Fundamental – File format – Other translators – medical applications of RP- Materials for Rapid Prototyping Systems

LIQUID BASED RAPID PROTOTYPING SYSTEMS

Liquid based system – Stereo Lithography Apparatus (SLA), details of SL process, products, Advantages, Limitations, Applications and Uses.

SOLID BASED RAPID PROTOTYPING SYSTEMS

Solid based system - Fused Deposition Modeling, principle, process, products, advantages, applications and uses - Laminated Object Manufacturing

POWDER BASED RAPID PROTOTYPING SYSTEMS

Selective Laser Sintering – principles of SLS process, principle of sinter bonding process, Laser sintering materials, products, advantages, limitations, applications and uses.

REVERSE ENGINEERING AND NEW TECHNOLOGIES

Reverse Engineering - Introduction, measuring device- contact type and non-contact type, CAD model creation, medical data processing - types of medical imaging, software for making medical models, medical materials, and other applications.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

COIMBATORE - 10

At the end of the course, the students will have the ability

- **CO1:** To identify the development of RP systems such as liquid, solid and powder based systems, Rapid Tooling, Rapid Manufacturing principle and Fundamentals, File format, translators and medical applications of RP, Materials for Rapid Prototyping Systems along with the concept of reverse engineering.
- **CO2:** To classify the advantages, disadvantages and limitations of liquid, solid and powder based rapid prototyping systems along with the types of measuring devices utilized in reverse engineering.

- **CO3:** To examine the Stereo Lithography Apparatus (SLA), Fused Deposition Modeling, Selective Laser Sintering, Laminated Object Manufacturing based on principles, process and products,
- **CO4:** To analyze the concept of reverse engineering, medical data processing and software for making medical models, medical materials, and other applications.

- 1. Douglas Bryden, "CAD and Rapid Prototyping for Product Design", Laurence King, 2014.
- 2. Kalani Kirk Hausman, Richard Horne, "3D Printing For Dummies", Wiley Publications, 2014.
- 3. Chee Kai Chua, Kah Fai Leong, Chu Sing Lim "Rapid Prototyping: Principles and Applications" World Scientific Publication Pvt., Ltd, 2011.
- 4. Chua C. K, Leong K. F and Lim C. S, "Rapid Prototyping: Principles and Applications", World Scientific, second edition, 2010.
- 5. Ian Gibson, "Advanced Manufacturing Technology for Medical applications: Reverse Engineering, Software conversion and Rapid Prototyping", Wiley, 2006.



OPEN ELECTIVES (Offered by ECE Department to other B.E.

Programmes)

COIMBATORE - 10

WISDOM

PROSPERI

		L	Т	Р	С
20ECE01	Electronic Measurements and Instrumentation	3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to learn the fundamentals of electrical and electronic instruments. measurement techniques, storage and display devices.

COURSE CONTENT:

Introduction

Functional elements of an instrument – Static and dynamic characteristics – Errors in measurement — Standards and calibration

Electrical and Electronic Instruments

Principle and types of analog and digital voltmeters, ammeters, multimeters – Single and three phase wattmeters and energy meters – Magnetic measurements – Determination of B-H curve and measurements of iron loss.

Comparative Methods of Measurements

D.C & A.C potentiometers, D.C & A.C bridges, transformer ratio bridges, self-balancing bridges. Interference & screening – Multiple earth and earth loops - Electrostatic and electromagnetic interference – Grounding techniques.

Storage and display Devices

Magnetic disk and tape -digital plotters and printers, CRT display, digital CRO, OLED, LED display systems, LCD – USB Data Loggers. PROSPER

Transducers and Data Acquisition Systems

Classification of transducers - Selection of transducers - Resistive, capacitive & inductive transducers -Piezoelectric, Hall effect, optical and digital transducers – Elements of data acquisition system – A/D, D/A converters - Smart sensors.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

- **CO1:** Ability to find electrical parameters using appropriate Electronics Instruments.
- **CO2:** Ability to interpret the characteristics and operation of Electrical and Electronic Instruments.
- **CO3:** Ability to apply storage and display devices.
- **CO4:** Ability to select appropriate sensors in various applications.

- 1. A.K. Sawhney, 'A Course in Electrical & Electronic Measurements & Instrumentation', Dhanpat Rai and Co, 2004.
- 2. J. B. Gupta, 'A Course in Electronic and Electrical Measurements', S. K. Kataria & Sons, Delhi, 2003.
- 3. J Doebelin E.O. and Manik D.N., Measurement Systems Applications and Design, Special Indian Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., 2007.
- 4. H.S. Kalsi, 'Electronic Instrumentation', Tata McGraw Hill, II Edition 2004.
- 5. D.V.S. Moorthy, 'Transducers and Instrumentation', Prentice Hall of India Pvt Ltd, 2007.



L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to learn the primary concept of microcontrollers, hardware usage for programming intelligence and get familiarized with the architecture, instruction set and applications of microcontroller.

COURSE CONTENT:

8051 Microcontroller

Architecture of 8051 – Register set - I/O Pins, Ports and Circuits - Instruction set - Addressing modes - Assembly language programs for arithmetic and Logical operations.

Interfacing 8051 Microcontroller

Programming 8051 Timers - Serial Port Programming - Interrupts Programming - LCD & Keyboard Interfacing - Stepper Motor Interfacing -ADC - DAC.

Application of 8051 Microcontroller

Temperature Controller using ADC – Square and Triangular waveform generation using DAC – Water level controller – Traffic Light Controller.

PIC Microcontroller

CPU Architecture - Register - I/O pins, Ports -Instruction set - addressing modes - Interrupts

Interfacing PIC Microcontroller

PIC: Timers- I2C Interfacing –UART- A/D Converter –Pulse Width Modulation

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

- CO1: Ability to interpret the architecture of 8051 and PIC microcontrollers.
- **CO2:** Ability to develop Assembly Language Programs (ALP) for arithmetic and Logical operations using microcontrollers.
- CO3: Ability to build 8051 microcontroller-based systems using peripheral interfaces.
- **CO4:** Ability to build PIC microcontroller-based systems using peripheral interfaces.

- Mohamed Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin McKinlay, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems: Using Assembly and C", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2011
- Subrata Ghoshal, "8051 Microcontrollers: Internals, Instructions, Programming &Interfacing", Second Edition, Pearson education, 2014.
- 3. John. B. Peatman, "Design with PIC Microcontroller", Prentice Hall, 2011.
- 4. Gene .H.Miller, "Micro Computer Engineering", Pearson Education, 2013.
- 5. Subrata Ghoshal, "8051 Microcontrollers: Internals, Instructions, Programming &Interfacing", Second Edition, Pearson education, 2014.



20ECE03 INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to learn the architecture of embedded systems, design and analysis of embedded computing, basic concepts of real time operating system, programming concepts for embedded systems, system design techniques of embedded hardware and its applications.

COURSE CONTENT:

Architecture of Embedded Systems

Categories of Embedded Systems – Specifications of Embedded systems – Recent trends in Embedded Systems – Detailed Hardware and Software Design – ARM Processor – CPU: programming input and output - supervisor mode, exceptions and traps – Co-processors – Memory system mechanisms – CPU performance – CPU power consumption.

Embedded Computing Platform Design

The CPU Bus-Memory devices and systems – Designing with computing platforms – Host and target machines – consumer electronics architecture – platform-level performance analysis - Components for embedded programs – Models of programs – Assembly, linking and loading – compilation techniques – Program level performance analysis

Processes and Operating Systems

Introduction – Multiple tasks and multiple processes – Multi rate systems – Preemptive real-time operating systems – Priority based scheduling – Inter process communication mechanisms –Semaphores and Shared Data – Message Queues – Mailboxes and Pipes – Interrupt Routines in RTOS Environment – Evaluating operating system performance – power optimization strategies for processes.

Hardware/Software Integration & Programming

Cross-Compilers – Cross-Assemblers – Linker/Locator – Debugger – Emulator – Simulators – Introduction to Integrated Development Environment (IDE) – Getting Embedded Software into Target System: In-Circuit Emulators – Serial Port Programming and Interrupts Programming.

Embedded System Applications

Applications of Embedded systems – Case study of Embedded systems like automatic chocolate vending machine, Adaptive Cruise Control Systems in a Car, Digital camera, Smart card and ATM.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

CO1: Ability to understand the architecture of embedded systems.

- **CO2:** Ability to understand the concepts of multiple processes and operating systems.
- **CO3:** Ability to choose appropriate tools for developing real time embedded systems.
- **CO4:** Ability to apply suitable hardware and software architectures to implement embedded system applications.

- 1. Marilyn Wolf, "Computers as Components Principles of Embedded Computing System Design", Third Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publisher (An imprint from Elsevier), 2012.
- 2. Jonathan W. Valvano, "Embedded Microcomputer Systems Real Time Interfacing", Third Edition Cengage Learning, 2012.
- 3. Raj Kamal, "Embedded Systems Architecture Programming and Design", Pearson, 2011.
- 4. K.V.K.K.Prasad "Embedded /Real-Time Systems: Concepts, Design and Programming" Dream tech, Wiley 2012.
- 5. Daniel 5.W Lewis, "Fundamentals of Embedded Software" Pearson Education, 2013.



L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to learn the overview of nano electronics, basic components of electronic systems, memory devices, sensors and actuators.

COURSE CONTENT:

Overview of Nano-Electronics

Nano-scale electronics; Foundation of nano-electronics – low dimension transport, quantum confinement, Coulomb blockade and quantum dot; Ballistic transport and Quantum interferences; Landauer formula, quantization of conductance, example of Quantum point contact.

Two-Terminal Junction Transistors

Basic CMOS process flow; MOS scaling theory; Issues in scaling MOS transistors; Requirements for nonclassical MOS transistor; PMOS versus NMOS; Design and construction of MOS capacitor; Integration issues of high-k MOS – interface states, bulk charge, band offset, stability, reliability; MOS transistor and capacitor characteristics.

Gate Transistors

Metal gate transistors – motivation, basics and requirements; quantum transport in nano MOSFET; Ultrathin body silicon on insulator (SOI) – double gate transistors; Vertical transistors – FinFET and surround gate FET; compound semiconductor MOSFET – Hetero-structures MOSFET.

Characteristics of Sensors and Actuators SCIPLINE

Basics: types and working principles of sensors and actuators; Characteristic features: Range, Resolution, Sensitivity, Error, Repeatability, Linearity and Accuracy, Impedance, Nonlinearities, Static and Coulomb Friction, Eccentricity, Backlash, Saturation, Dead-band, System Response, First Order System Response, Under-damped Second Order System Response, Frequency Response.

Memory Devices and Sensors

Nano ferroelectrics – Ferroelectric random-access memory –Fe-RAM circuit design – ferroelectric thin film properties and integration – calorimetric -sensors – electrochemical cells – surface and bulk acoustic devices – gas sensitive FETs – resistive semiconductor gas sensors –electronic noses – identification of hazardous solvents and gases – semiconductor sensor array.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

CO1: Ability to understand the concepts of Nano electronics

- **CO2:** Ability to interpret the characteristics and operation of Gate transistors.
- **CO3:** Ability to interpret the characteristics of sensors and actuators.
- **CO4:** Ability to understand the operation of memory devices and sensors.

- 1. W. Ranier, 'Nano Electronics and Information Technology', Wiley, 2003.
- 2. K.E. Drexler, 'Nano systems', Wiley, 1992.
- 3. M.C. Petty, 'Introduction to Molecular Electronics', 1995.
- 4. Handbook of Nanoscience, Engineering and Technology", Kluwer publishers, 2002.
- 5. G. Cao, "Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties & Applications", Imperial College Press, 2004.



20ECE05

L	Т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

This course will enable the students to learn the principles of MOS transistors, realization of combinational and sequential logic circuits using MOS transistors, arithmetic building blocks and implementation strategies using FPGA.

COURSE CONTENT:

MOS Transistor Principle

NMOS and PMOS transistor operations, MOS DC Equations, Electrical properties of CMOS circuits and device modeling, scaling principles CMOS inverter, Second Order Effects, Stick diagram.

Combinational Logic Circuits

MOSFETs as switches, Basic Logic Gates in CMOS, Examples of Combinational Logic Design, RC Delay Model, Linear Delay Model, Elmore's constant, Pass transistor Logic, Transmission gates, static and dynamic CMOS design.

Sequential Logic Circuits

Static and Dynamic Latches and Registers, Timing issues, Memory architecture and memory control circuits.

Arithmetic Building Blocks

Data path circuits, Architectures for ripple carry adders, carry look ahead adders, High speed adders, PROSPERI Multipliers, speed and area tradeoff

Implementation Strategies

Full custom and Semi-custom design, Standard cell design and cell libraries, FPGA building block architectures, FPGA interconnect routing procedures, Xilinx FPGA.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will have the

- **CO1:** Ability to interpret the characteristics and operation of MOS transistors.
- **CO2:** Ability to interpret the operation of VLSI architecture using FPGA.
- **CO3:** Ability to build CMOS based arithmetic and logic circuits.
- **CO4:** Ability to build CMOS based sequential circuits.

- 1. Jan Rabaey, Anantha Chandrakasan, B.Nikolic, "Digital Integrated Circuits: A Design Perspective", Second Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2013.
- 2. M.J. Smith, "Application Specific Integrated Circuits", Addisson Wesley, 2001.
- 3. A.Pucknell, Kamran Eshraghian, "BASIC VLSI Design", Third Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2009.
- 4. Weste and Harris: CMOS VLSI DESIGN: A Circuits and Systems Perspective (Fourth edition) Pearson Education, 2010.
- 5. N.Weste, K.Eshraghian, "Principles of CMOS VLSI Design", Second Edition, Addison Wesley 2009.

